

Brussels, 30.05.2022 COMP/D1/HP/GESTDEM 2022/2629

Mr James Panichi <u>ask+request-11224-</u> 36d71a38@asktheeu.org

By e-mail

Subject: GESTDEM 2022/2629 – Your request of 10 May 2022 for access to documents pursuant to Regulation (EC) No. 1049/2001 relating to Correspondence between the Australian Competition & Consumer Commission and DG COMP concerning competition and consumer concerns over Apple Pay and the Apple Wallet

Dear Mr Panichi,

Thank you for your message of 10 May 2022 in which you request access to documents in accordance with Regulation (EC) No. 1049/2001¹ ("Regulation 1049/2001").

1. DOCUMENTS CONCERNED

In your message you request access to the following documents:

All correspondence between the Australian Competition & Consumer Commission (ACCC) and DG COMP concerning competition and consumer concerns over Apple Pay and the Apple Wallet, including references to near field communication (NFC), between Jan. 1, 2018 and May 1, 2022.

The documents you request access to relate to the case file in a pending antitrust investigation under Article 102 of the TFEU in which no final decision has yet been adopted by the Commission.

Having carefully examined your request in the light of Regulation 1049/2001, I have come to the conclusion that the documents you have requested access to fall under the exceptions of Article 4 of Regulation 1049/2001. Access to these documents, therefore, has to be refused.

¹ Regulation (EC) N° 1049/2001 regarding public access to European Parliament, Council and Commission documents, OJ L145 of 31.5.2001, p. 43

Please find below the detailed assessment as regards the application of the exceptions of Article 4 of Regulation 1049/2001.

2. APPLICABLE EXCEPTIONS

Article 4(2), third indent, protection of the purpose of investigations and Article 4(3) protection of the institution's decision making process

Pursuant to Article 4(2), third indent of Regulation 1049/2001 the Commission shall refuse access to a document where its disclosure would undermine the protection of the purpose of inspections, investigations and audits.

Pursuant to Article 4(3), access to the documents drawn by the Commission or received by the Commission shall be refused if the disclosure of the documents would seriously undermine the Commission's decision making process.

For the effective conduct of pending investigations it is of utmost importance that the Commission's investigative strategy, preliminary assessments of the case and planning of procedural steps remain confidential.

In Commission v TGI², a case which concerned an access to documents request to all documents in two State aid cases, the Court of Justice upheld the Commission's refusal and held that there exists with regard to the exception related to the protection of the purpose of investigations a general presumption that disclosure of documents in the file would undermine the purpose of State aid investigations. The Court reasoned that such disclosure would call into question the procedural system³.

The Court of Justice has upheld this reasoning in relation to documents in cases regarding the application of Articles 101 and 102 TFEU ("antitrust cases") which are governed by the procedural rules set out in Regulation 1/2003. The disclosure of such documents would undermine the procedural rules system set up by that regulation, and in particular the rules on confidentiality and access to the file.

In the *EnBW* case, the Court of Justice held that there is, with regard to the exception related to the protection of the purpose of investigations, a general presumption that disclosure of documents in cases regarding the application of Articles 101 and 102 TFEU ("antitrust cases"), would undermine the purpose of the access system introduced by Regulations No 1/2003 and 773/2004⁴. As ruled by the General Court in the *Bitumen* case⁵,

² See case C-139/07 Commission v Technische Glaswerke Ilmenau GmbH (TGI)

See also Case C-514/07 P, *API v Commission*, paragraphs 99 and 100, as well as Case C-404/10 P *Commission v Odile Jacob*, paragraphs 108-126 where the Court of Justice applied *Commission v TGI* by analogy to merger proceedings

Case C-365/12 P Commission v EnBW Energie Baden-Württemberg, judgment of 27 February 2014, paragraph 88

for an infringement under Article 101, if a document is not accessible under the "access to file procedure", it cannot be made available to the public under Regulation 1049. In essence, Regulations 1/2003 and 773/2004 and Regulation 1049 have different aims but must be interpreted and applied in a consistent manner. The rules on access to file in the abovementioned regulations are also designed to ensure respect for professional secrecy and are of the same hierarchical order as Regulation 1049/2001 (so that neither of the two sets of rules prevails over the other).

As mentioned above, the requested documents relate to a pending antitrust investigation and contains information from which the investigative strategy may be revealed to the public. This information could easily be misinterpreted or misrepresented as indications of the Commission's possible final assessment in this case. Such misinterpretations and misrepresentations may cause damage to the reputation and standing of the companies investigated, in particular if no decision is adopted establishing a violation of the competition rules. Moreover, the disclosure could undermine the protection of the purpose of the investigation and the Commission's decision making process. The Commission's services must be free to explore all possible options in preparation of a decision free from external pressure.

In view of the foregoing, the requested documents are manifestly covered in their entirety by the exception related to the protection of the purpose of the Commission's anti-trust investigations set out in Article 4(2), third indent of Regulation 1049/2001. Moreover, the internal Commission documents and documents received by the Commission are also covered by the exception related to the protection of the Commission's decision-making process, set out in Article 4(3) of Regulation 1049/2001.

3. OVERRIDING PUBLIC INTEREST IN DISCLOSURE

Pursuant to Article 4 (2) and (3) of Regulation 1049/2001, the exception to the right of access contained in that Article must be waived if there is an overriding public interest in disclosing the documents requested. In order for an overriding public interest in disclosure to exist, this interest, firstly, has to be public (as opposed to private interests of the applicant) and, secondly, overriding, i.e. in this case it must outweigh the interest protected under Article 4 (2), first and third indent, and 4 (3) of Regulation 1049/2001.

In your application you have not established arguments that would present an overriding public interest to disclose the document to which access has been hereby denied. Consequently, the prevailing interest in this case lies in protecting the effectiveness of the Commission's investigations and its decision-making process.

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⁵ Case T 380/08, paragraphs 32-40

4. PARTIAL ACCESS

I have also considered the possibility of granting partial access to the documents for which access has been denied in accordance with Article 4 (6) of Regulation 1049/2001.

However, the general presumption of non-disclosure invoked above also applies to partial disclosure for all the documents concerned and, consequently, no partial access can be

granted.

5. MEANS OF REDRESS

If you want this position to be reviewed you should write to the Commission's Secretary-

General at the address below, confirming your initial request. You have fifteen (15) working days in which to do so from receipt of this letter, after which your initial request will be

deemed to have been withdrawn.

The Secretary-General will inform you of the result of this review within fifteen (15)

working days from the registration of your request, either granting you access to the

documents or confirming the refusal. In the latter case, you will be informed of how you can

take further action.

All correspondence should be sent to the following address:

European Commission

Secretariat-General

Transparency, Document Management & Access to Documents (SG.C.1)

BERL 7/076

B-1049 Bruxelles

or by email to: sg-acc-doc@ec.europa.eu.

Yours faithfully,

e-signed

Olivier GUERSENT

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