

BILAT(17)3914

Impact of a free trade agreement between the EU and MERCOSUR The case of poultrymeat

#### EU – Mercosur trade

- Mercosur exports around 500 000t (CWE) of poultrymeat to the EU which represents 60% of our total imports;
- Within Mercosur, Brazil is the main exporter of poultrymeat to the EU (96% of Mercosur's exports to EU) with only 4 operators (oligopoly situation);
- Liberalising trade in the poultry sector would have an impact on fresh products which make up 30% of Brazil's net exportable value.

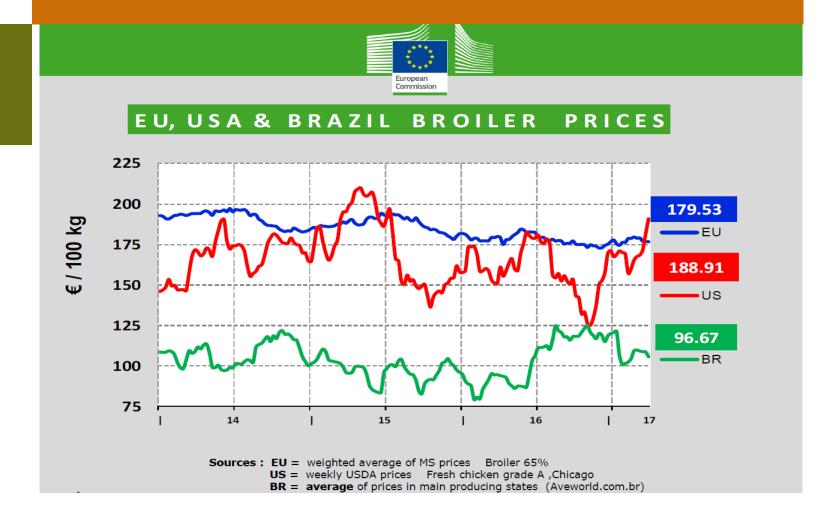


#### SPS concerns

#### Since 2013 issues about:

- Late reaction from brazilian authoritioes after RASFF notification;
- Ante and post mortem inspection not conform to teh EU regulation;
- Animal welfare conditions not respected (no mandatory stunning methods);
- The use of PAPs in feed without the concerns of intracannibalism (food safety concerns);

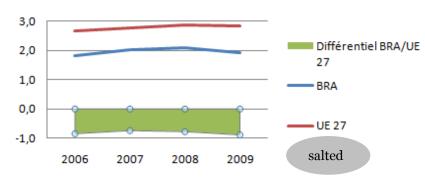
## The price gap remain high



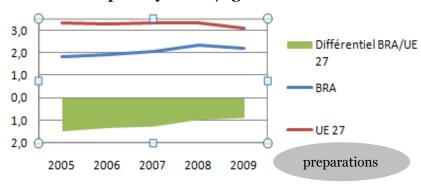
# Price differences between the EU and Mercosur poutrymeat products

- Price differentials for European prices on the most sensitive tariff lines:
- Slightly negative for frozen products (€0.50/kg)
- Negative for products in brine (around €1/kg)
- Very negative for poultrymeat preparations and fresh poultrymeat (between €1-2/kg)
- The green area shows the price differentials for European prices: very negative for poultrymeat preparations and fresh poultry meat.

## Price differential for European imports of poultrymeat €/kg – TL 02109939



Price differential for European imports of poultrymeat €/kg – TL 1602



### The costs of EU - Mercosur agreement

- Brazil's export potential for the period 2019-2020 is set to be 6.1 million tonnes (76% more than its current level).
- In the case of full liberalisation, the direct costs due to substitution effect would be €2.8 billion. The indirect costs due to the consequent fall in the internal price would be till €3.1 billion.
- The last EU offer represent a direct cost of €250 million in direct costs (substitution) and € 500 million in indirect costs (impact on domestic price).
- The calculation don't take into account the possibility of over TRQ volume. Therefore no "o" tariff duty should be granted;
- We don't know yet the potential market impact of the WTO panel on EU and China for poultry meat.





Thank you for your attention!

Copa-Cogeca in cooperation with APCA