



EUROPEAN COMMISSION

Directorate-General for Internal Market, Industry, Entrepreneurship and SMEs

Industrial Transformation and Advanced Value Chains

Automotive and Mobility Industries

Head of Unit

18. 01. 2019

Brussels,

GROW C4/SPR/cds(2018)7038258

Mr Peter Teffer

EUobserver

Rue Montoyer 18B

1000 Brussels

Belgium

Sent by email only:

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Subject: Requests for access to documents – GESTDEM No. 2018/6291

Dear Mr Teffer,

Thank you for your e-mail dated 27 November 2018 which was registered at the Internal Market, Industry, Entrepreneurship and SMEs Directorate-General of the European Commission on 28 November 2018, requesting access to documents under Regulation (EC) No 1049/2001 regarding public access to European Parliament, Council and Commission documents (OJ L145, 31 May 2001, page 43 and following).

1. SCOPE OF YOUR REQUEST

Your e-mail requested access to documents falling under the following scope:

"- All communication sent between the European Commission and member states about the diesel summit that had been planned for 27 November 2018."

2. DESCRIPTION OF DOCUMENTS IDENTIFIED

We have identified 50 documents matching the scope of your request. The documents are listed in the enclosed document register.

3. DISCLOSURE OF THE REQUESTED DOCUMENTS

Access is granted to all 50 documents. Documents 1-15, 19 and 23-50 originate from the European Commission. You may reuse the documents free of charge for non-commercial and commercial purposes provided that the source is acknowledged, and that you do not

distort the original meaning or message of the documents. Please note that the Commission does not assume liability stemming from the reuse¹.

Documents 16-18 and 20-22 originate from third parties. I can confirm that DG Internal Market, Industry, Entrepreneurship and SMEs has consulted according to Article 4, paragraph 4 of Regulation 1049/2001 the third parties with a view to assessing whether an exception in paragraph 1 or 2 is applicable, and has obtained their permission or tacit agreement to release the documents.

Please note that the documents received from third parties are disclosed for information only and cannot be re-used without the agreement of the originators, who hold a copyright on them. They do not reflect the position of the Commission and cannot be quoted as such.

Pursuant to Article 4(1)(b) of Regulation (EC) No 1049/2001, access to a document has to be refused if its disclosure would undermine the protection of privacy and the integrity of the individual, in particular in accordance with European Union legislation regarding the protection of personal data.

The applicable legislation in this field is Regulation (EC) No 2018/1725 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 October 2018 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data by the Union institutions, bodies, offices and agencies and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 and Decision No 1247/2002/EC ('Regulation 2018/1725').

The documents to which you have requested access contain personal data, in particular names and functions of European Commission staff and names and functions of Member State representatives, as well as signatures of Commissioners and Member States' Ministers.

Indeed, Article 3(1) of Regulation 2018/1725 provides that personal data 'means any information relating to an identified or identifiable natural person [...]'. The Court of Justice has specified that any information, which by reason of its content, purpose or effect, is linked to a particular person is to be considered as personal data.²

Please note in this respect that the names, signatures, functions, telephone numbers and/or initials pertaining to staff members of an institution are to be considered personal data.³

In its judgment in Case C-28/08 P (*Bavarian Lager*)⁴, the Court of Justice ruled that when a request is made for access to documents containing personal data, the Data Protection Regulation becomes fully applicable.

¹ See the Decision of the Commission of 12 December 2011 (2011/833/EU), OJ L 330/39 of 14 December 2011 for details; this Decision does not apply to documents for which third parties hold the copyrights, Article 2 (2) (b).

² Judgment of the Court of Justice of the European Union of 20 December 2017 in Case C-434/16, *Peter Novak v Data Protection Commissioner*, request for a preliminary ruling, paragraphs 33-35, ECLI:EU:T:2018:560.

³ Judgment of the General Court of 19 September 2018 in case T-39/17, *Port de Brest v Commission*, paragraphs 43-44, ECLI:EU:T:2018:560.

Pursuant to Article 9(1)(b) of Regulation 2018/1725, ‘personal data shall only be transmitted to recipients established in the Union other than Union institutions and bodies if ‘[t]he recipient establishes that it is necessary to have the data transmitted for a specific purpose in the public interest and the controller, where there is any reason to assume that the data subject’s legitimate interests might be prejudiced, establishes that it is proportionate to transmit the personal data for that specific purpose after having demonstrably weighed the various competing interests’.

Only if these conditions are fulfilled and the processing constitutes lawful processing in accordance with the requirements of Article 5 of Regulation 2018/1725, can the transmission of personal data occur.

According to Article 9(1)(b) of Regulation 2018/1725, the European Commission has to examine the further conditions for a lawful processing of personal data only if the first condition is fulfilled, namely if the recipient has established that it is necessary to have the data transmitted for a specific purpose in the public interest. It is only in this case that the European Commission has to examine whether there is a reason to assume that the data subject’s legitimate interests might be prejudiced and, in the affirmative, establish the proportionality of the transmission of the personal data for that specific purpose after having demonstrably weighed the various competing interests.

In your application, you do not put forward any arguments to establish the necessity to have the data transmitted for a specific purpose in the public interest. Therefore, the European Commission does not have to examine whether there is a reason to assume that the data subject’s legitimate interests might be prejudiced.

Notwithstanding the above, please note that there are reasons to assume that the legitimate interests of the data subjects concerned would be prejudiced by disclosure of the personal data reflected in the documents, as there is a real and non-hypothetical risk that such public disclosure would harm their privacy and subject them to unsolicited external contacts.

Consequently, I conclude that, pursuant to Article 4(1)(b) of Regulation 1049/2001, access cannot be granted to the personal data, as the need to obtain access thereto for a purpose in the public interest has not been substantiated and there is no reason to think that the legitimate interests of the individuals concerned would not be prejudiced by disclosure of the personal data concerned.

As to the handwritten signatures of Commissioners and Member States' Ministers, which are biometric data, there is a risk that their disclosure would prejudice the legitimate interests of the persons concerned.

In case you would disagree with the assessment that the redacted data are personal data which can only be disclosed if such disclosure is legitimate under the applicable rules on the protection of personal data, you are entitled, in accordance with Article 7(2) of Regulation 1049/2001, to submit a confirmatory application requesting the Commission to review this position.

⁴ Judgment of 29 June 2010 in Case C-28/08 P, *European Commission v The Bavarian Lager Co. Ltd*, EU:C:2010:378, paragraph 59.

Such a confirmatory application should be addressed within 15 working days upon receipt of this letter to the Secretariat-General of the Commission at the following address:

European Commission
Secretariat-General
Unit C.1. 'Transparency, Document Management and Access to Documents'
BERL 5/282
B-1049 Brussels
or by email to: sg-acc-doc@ec.europa.eu

Yours sincerely,



Joanna Szychowska

Annexes: Document register
Zipped file containing 50 documents in 47 PDF files