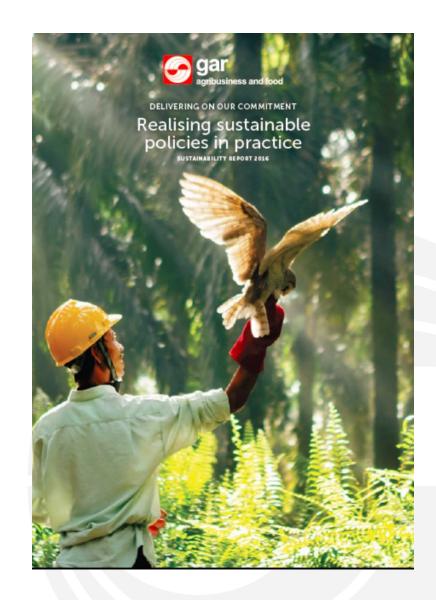


GAR Sustainability Highlights





About GAR

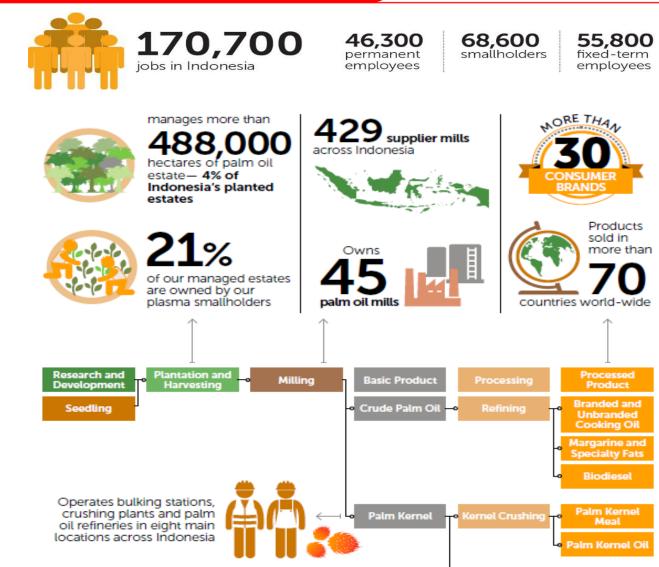
A leading integrated palm oil company



Fatty Acids

Glycerine

- A leading integrated palm oil plantation company
- Largest palm oil grower in Indonesia
- Manages 169 plantations
- Provides over 170,000 jobs
- Total revenue: over US\$7.2 billion
- Core net profit: US\$186 million
- 2,510,000 metric tonnes of crude palm oil (CPO) and palm kernel (PK)



Our products and customers



- We produce an extensive range of products
- Customers include traders, distributors, wholesalers, retailers and other businesses in the food industry, as well as manufacturing businesses that produce secondary goods.

Key brands in Indonesia:

FILMA"



MENARA®

i-soc

Kunci Mas



PUSAKA°

DELICIO.



PALMVITA[®]

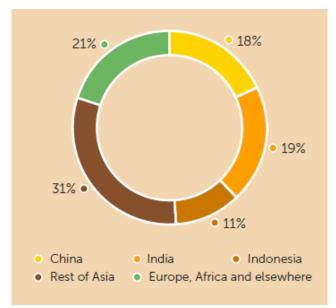
GOODFRY'







Revenue by geographical location in 2016:



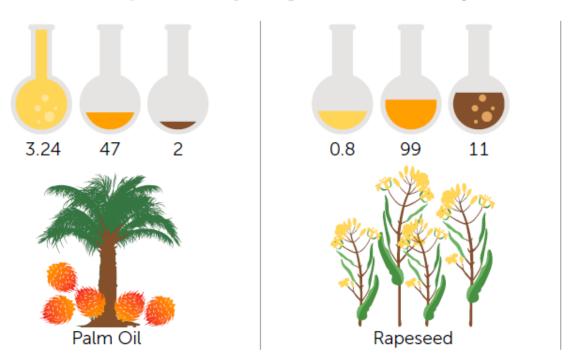


Palm oil – an SDG commodity



- Provides jobs for estimated 16 million people in Indonesia
- Palm oil farmers earn at least 7 times more than subsistence farmers.
- US\$17.8 bn of palm oil exports in 2016 from Indonesia
- Is the most productive vegetable oil crop in the world

Resources needed to produce major vegetable oils (MT/ha/y)



0.49 315 29 Soybean

Yield — Tonnes of oil produced per hectare ● Fertiliser — Kg to produce one tonne of oil
 Pesticides — Kg to produce one tonne of oil

Source: Oil World and The Guardian



1997

First Indonesian palm producer to establish Zero Burning Policy



Januarv SMART joins RSPO



February 2010

Zero development on peat land regardless of depth



February 2011

GAR launches pioneering Forest Conservation Policy (FCP)



April 2011

GAR joins



May 2011

GAR publishes first Sustainability Report



November 2011

GAR launches Social and Community Engagement Policy (SCEP)



February 2012

GAR and SMART launch Yield Improvement Policy (YIP)



March 2013

GAR and SMART implement HCS Forest Conservation Pilot



February 2014

GAR's FCP extends to downstream operations



May 2014

GAR launches Sustainability Dashboard



September 2014

GAR endorses New York Declaration on Forests



March 2015

GAR implements Participatory Mapping as part of FPIC



April 2015

GAR and HCS Approach Steering Group publish HCS Approach Toolkit



September 2015

GAR rolls out updated Social and Environmental Policy (GSEP)



November 2015

GAR launches peat rehabilitation project in PT AMNL



November 2015

GAR launches Community Conservation Partnerships



December 2015

GAR completes 100 percent mapping of supply chain to mills



February 2016

GAR launches Desa Siaga Api to help villages stay fire-free



April 2016

GAR announces Traceability to Plantation (TTP) Plan



January 2017

GAR expands fire-free programme into Desa Makmur Peduli Api

GAR Social and Environmental Policy





We want to ensure that GAR upstream and downstream palm oil operations are <u>deforestation-free</u>, <u>traceable</u> and <u>bring benefits to the people and communities</u> where we operate.

OUR PRINCIPLE COMMITMENTS



ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

- 1.1 No development of and the conservation of High Carbon Stock forests
- No development of and the conservation of High Conservation Value areas
- No development of and the conservation of peatlands of any depth
- 1.4 No burning for new plantings, replantings or other development
- 1.5 Continuous yield improvement to reduce pressure on new land development without intensification of the use of chemical pesticides and fertilisers
- Report and reduce greenhouse gas emissions
- 1.7 Improve waste management
- 1.8 Improve energy efficiency



SOCIAL AND COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT

Respect the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, national laws and natified international treaties on human rights and indigenous peoples. This will include the following:

- 2.1 Respecting the right to Free, Prior and Informed Consent for indigenous peoples and local communities and recognising the need for food security in new developments.
 - 2.1.1 Responsible handling of complaints and grievances
 - 2.1.2 Responsible resolution of conflicts
 - 2.1.3 Open and constructive engagement with local, national and international stakeholders
- Positive economic, social and community development
 - 2.2.1 Empowering people through community development programmes
 - 2.2.2 Involving local farmers and businesses as suppliers
 - 2.2.3 Respecting human rights
 - 2.2.4 Respecting land tenure rights



WORK ENVIRONMENT AND INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS

 Recognising, respecting and strengthening the rights of all our workers

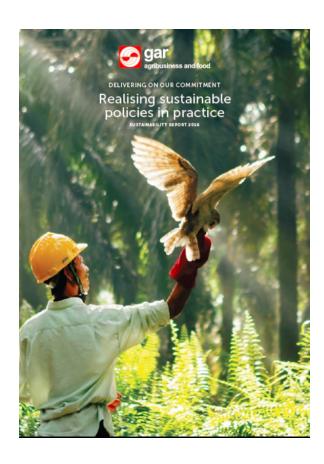


MARKETPLACE AND SUPPLY CHAIN

- 4.1 Traceable and transparent supply chains
- 4.2 Support to suppliers
- 4.3 Due diligence and grievance procedures
- 4.4 Compliance with all relevant national laws and international certifications' principles and criteria

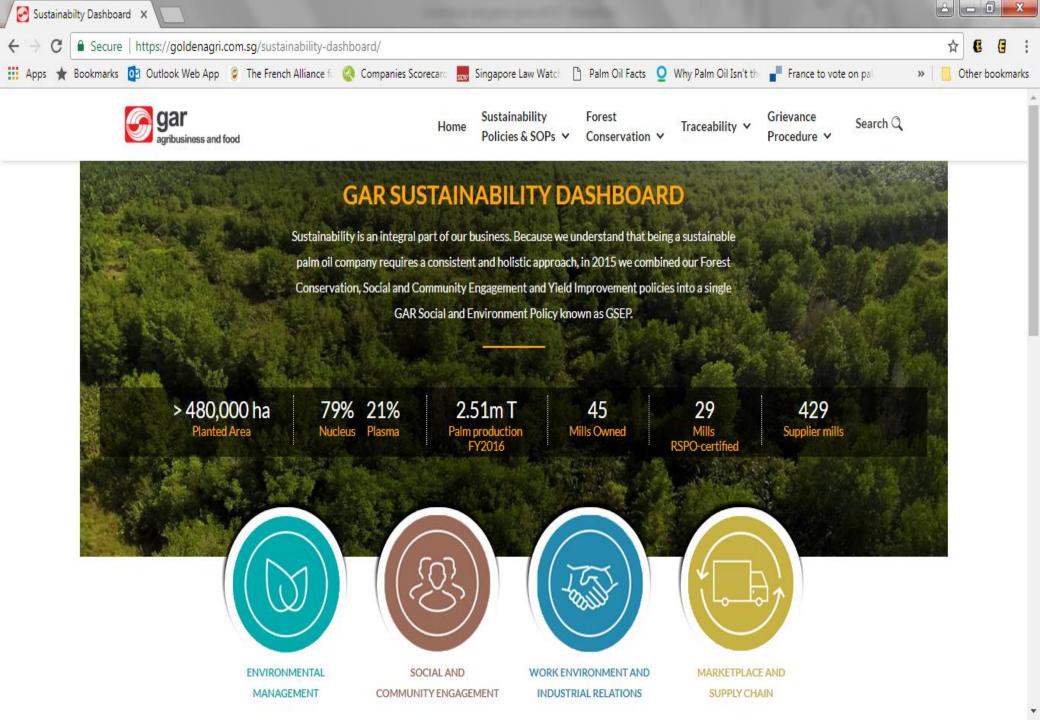
Our approach to reporting

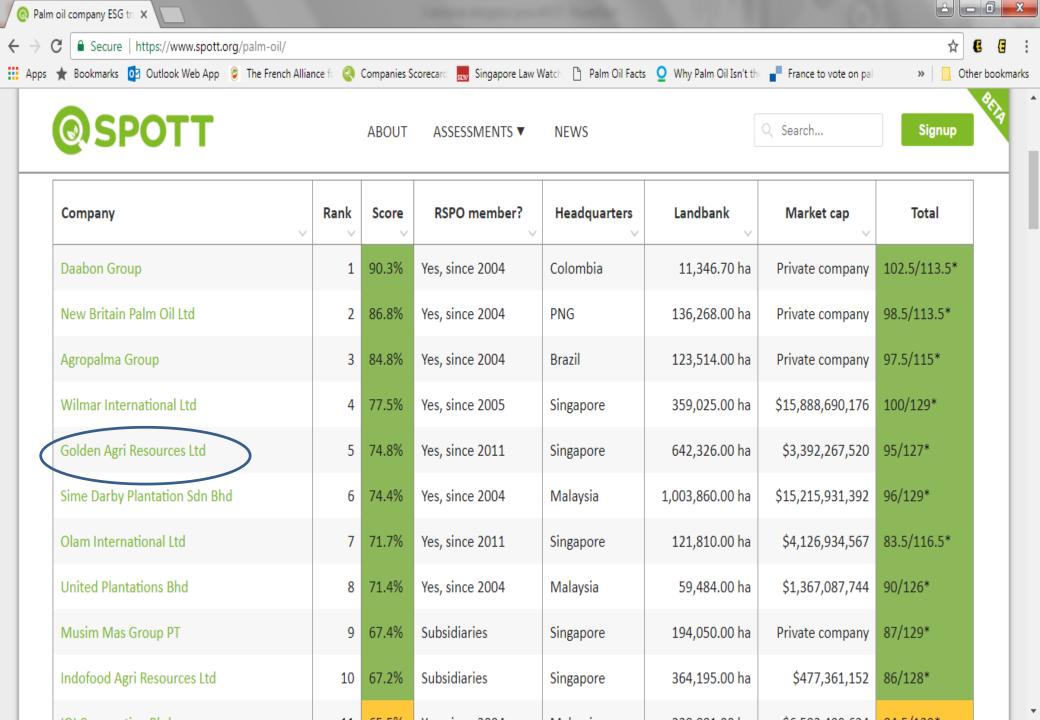




(GRI) STANDARDS

- The SR2016 Report covers our main operations which are in Indonesia
- FY 2016 from January to December
- In accordance with GRI Standards Core option
 - Full content index of GRI indicators on page 66
- Calculation of GHG emissions independently verified by EY
- This year we have included a Board of Director's Statement
- Commissioned external parties to verify implementation of the GSEP and our labour practices
- GAR's reports can be found on the GAR website
- The <u>GAR Sustainability Dashboard</u> is now publicly accessible on the <u>GAR website</u>





Sustainability Highlights



Delivering UN Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs):









- No development of and the conservation of High Carbon Stock (HCS) forests.
- No development of and the conservation of peat lands of any depth.
- No development of and the conservation of High Conservation Value (HCV) areas.
- To conserve and protect rare, threatened and endangered species as well as ecosystems and critical habitats of rare, threatened and endangered species.

We have identified and are committed to protecting an area the size of Singapore





87 wild-born orangutans rehabilitated θ released since 2011



Protection – production partnerships:

- Intensive engagement and consultation with communities
- Firstly through Participatory Mapping to ensure their land rights are fully respected
- Building on those consultations we initiate discussions with community on conservation of HCS forests

To date:

- 10 villages have agreed to protect over 7000 ha of forests
- Alternative Livelihood programmes are being launched to help communities earn income without disturbing conservation areas





Protection-production partnerships:

10 villages in community conservation partnerships to protect

>**7,000** ha



Alternative Livelihood programmes: increase community income, improve food self-sufficiency & support conservation goals





17 villages in Desa Siaga Api pilot prevent fires in 2016;

3 villages – national showcases

- Since 1997 GAR has operated a strict Zero Burning Policy and a policy of no development on peat.
- Our fire management programme includes:
 - The training of emergency response personnel
 - investing in new technology and equipment (e.g. drones and satellite surveillance)
- Virtually zero fires in our concessions in 2016 (0.01%)
- Conduct outreach and collaboration with the local communities and villages through Desa Siaga Api programme.
- Expanded to Desa Makmur Peduli Api programme includes fire prevention/conservation/food security



10,000
Emergency
Response personnel to prevent & suppress fires





- Verified the calculation of GHG emissions with EY to start baseline studies.
- Reduced emissions by 167,500 tonnes CO2eq since 2015 from methane capture at three facilities.
- Zero Waste Policy is implemented in all operations.
- Stopped using the herbicide paraquat in 2016.



Methane capture facility









Social and Community Engagement



Delivering UN SDGs:



Our Commitments:

- To respect the right to FPIC for indigenous peoples and local communities and recognising the need for food security in new developments.
- The responsible handling of complaints and grievances.
- The responsible resolution of conflicts
- FPIC remediation in 2016 in 4 concessions; 4 more in 2017

MEET THE VILLAGE HEAD: PAK SURYADI

The level of education used to be very basic. Before the palm oil plantation opened, only the children of parents working in the civil service or business could send their kids to university. But now, many more high school graduates are able to continue their education at university.

See how access to education has improved for remote villages on the GAR website.



Social and Community Engagement





>200_{schools}; >1,600_{teachers};

>28,000 students;







Child health, vaccination and nutrition for

>5,000 beneficiaries







have social and community development programmes

Work Environment and Labour Relations



Delivering UN SDGs:









- Provide jobs for 170,700 people including 68,600 plasma smallholders
- Pay above minimum wage for full-time and part-time workers
- Commissioned study by Business for Social Responsibility to check on labour practices in Q42016
- TFT also conducted No-Exploitation site visit in 2016



MEET THE ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEER: IBU NOVIANTI

Almost 70 percent of oil palm fresh fruit bunches becomes waste once crude palm oil (CPO) is extracted. We are referring to waste such as fibres and shells, as well as liquid effluent. So a big part of my job is to reuse, reduce, recycle, and manage this "waste" responsibly—I play an important role in producing palm oil sustainably. Most are surprised to see a woman working as an environmental engineer in this male-dominated industry but it doesn't faze me. I studied environmental engineering at Diponegoro University, which was male-dominated too. I like the challenge and I'm proud of the work I do. It is quite extraordinary—I turn waste into something useful.

Read more about Ibu Novianti on the GAR website





Delivering UN SDGs:



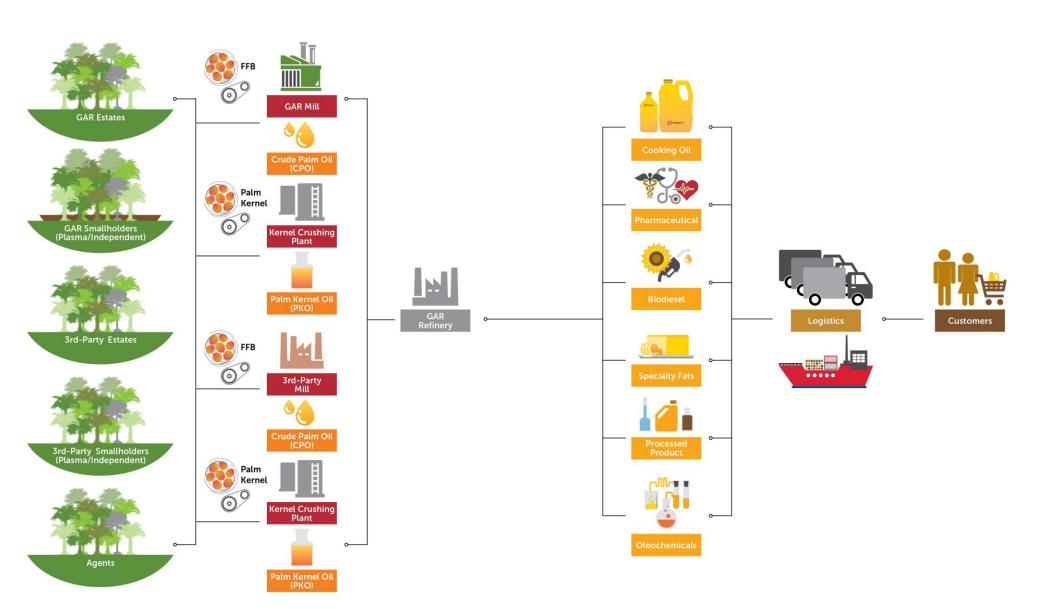
- In 2015, GAR finished mapping all mills that supply our refineries and kernel crushing plants in Indonesia.
- In 2016, 474 mills supplied GAR with CPO and PK; 45 are GAR-owned and 429 are independent.
- Now working with these mills to achieve 100 percent traceability all the way to the plantation by 2020.
- In 2016, 15 GAR mills achieved full TTP (As of Q2 2017, 23 GAR mills have achieved full TTP)
- We are getting to know and understand our suppliers and the issues they face.
- This enables us to help them adopt better social and environmental practices.
- Special workshops and training for suppliers to help them with responsible practices



100%
Traceability to
Plantation for GAR-owned
mills by end-2017

100%
Traceability to
Plantation for independent
mills by 2020







GAR helps smallholders increase productivity while reducing impact on the environment

- GAR has 68,600 plasma smallholders in Indonesia
- Provide regular training sessions on best agronomy practices (Integrated Pest Management, fertiliser application) and supplies them with high yield seeds.
- GAR plasma smallholder yield comparable to nucleus estate yield.

Innovative financing to support sustainable farming practices

- In 2016, GAR helped independent farmers secure IDR 107 billion in loans from a state-owned bank to replant 1,300 hectares.
- This helps boost incomes, productivity and reduces pressure on opening new land.

MEET THE FARMER TRAINER: PAK BUDIN

Whenever there's a question about new farming methods, everyone says, "Ask Budin!" As a farmer trainer with GAR, I'm usually the first to learn about new farming techniques that could help our smallholder farmers improve their harvests.

I have seen the farmers and cooperatives benefit in the span of a single harvest cycle. With better plot maintenance and fertilisation, and better quality harvests, the farmers have increased their earnings to IDR five to six million per lot. Today, their yields are among the highest in the industry.

Read more about Pak Budin on the GAR website.





Our commitment to traceability and transparency throughout our supply chain is important to meet a growing demand on the part of our customers for certified, sustainable palm oil.

- To date, 262,442 hectares of plantations including 51,149 hectares of smallholder estates, 29 mills, nine kernel crushing plants, five refineries, seven bulking stations and one oleo-chemical plant have received RSPO certification.
- We have extended the time frame for completion of RSPO certification until 2020 for the remaining operations which
 includes 213,415 hectares of plantations and encompasses 49,233 hectares of plasma estates and 16 mills.
- One mill and its supply base in Kijang, Riau has been certified under RSPO-RED scheme.
- 186,307 ha of plantations and 30 mills have received ISPO certification the most certificates in Indonesia.
- 291,351 ha of plantations including smallholder plantations of 57,755 ha, 29 mills, 2 kernel crushing plants, 5 refineries and 14 bulking stations have received ISCC certification.
- Latest certification updates can be viewed on our <u>website</u>.







R&D supports responsible palm oil



Delivering UN SDGs:











- USD9 million on upstream and downstream R&D
- Develops disease-resistant, high-yielding seeds climate-change resilient
- Looks into impact of palm oil plantations on climate change mitigation carbon fixation
- Downstream R&D focuses on safeguarding consumer health
- Reformulation of products to eliminate all trans fatty acids
- Looking into eliminating 3-MCPD





Thank you