OVERVIEW OF CIVILIAN CSDP MISSIONS – CURRENT AND PAST

MIDDLE EAST

1. **EUJUST LEX-Iraq**, Mar 05 - Dec 13. Operating between 2005 and 2013, it aimed at strengthening Rule of Law in its complexity, with a full array of necessary expertise and assistance ranging from police to justice, penitentiary, human rights and gender.

2. **EUPOL - COPPS** (Occupied Palestinian territories), Jan 06 - 30 Jun 19. EU Police and Rule of Law Mission, contributes to the establishment of sustainable and effective policing and wider criminal justice arrangements under Palestinian ownership in accordance with best international standards, in cooperation with the EU’s institution building programmes as well as other international efforts in the wider context of Security Sector and Criminal Justice Reform.

3. **EUBAM Rafah** (Occupied Palestinian territories), 25 Nov 05 - 30 Jun 19, EU Border Assistance Mission for the Rafah Crossing Point. The Mission provides a “Third Party” presence at the Rafah Crossing Point on the Gaza-Egypt border mandated to monitor, verify and evaluate the performance of the Palestinian Authority (PA) border police and customs services at the RCP and to contribute to confidence building between Israel and the PA.

4. **EUAM Iraq** 16 Oct 17 - 17 Oct 19, EU Advisory Mission in support of SSR in Iraq, focuses on assisting the Iraqi authorities in the implementation of the civilian aspects of the Iraqi security strategy. EU experts provide advice and assistance in priority work areas responding to the needs of the relevant authorities, assist the EU Delegation in the coordination of EU and Member States actions in this sector and also to assess potential further EU engagement in the Security Sector Reform in the long term in the context of the future EU policy towards Iraq.

EUROPE

5. **EUPOL Proxima** (Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia), Dec 03 - Dec 05. Proxima police experts did monitor, mentor and advise the country's police thus helping to fight organised crime as well as promoting European standards of policing.
6. **EUPAT** (EU Police Advisory Team Mission in the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia) Dec 05 – Jun 06. The launch of EUPAT followed the termination on 14 December 2005 of the mandate of the EU Police Mission PROXIMA, launched on 15 December 2003. EUPAT included around 30 police advisors and supported the development of an efficient and professional police service based on European standards of policing.

7. **EUPM BiH** Bosnia and Herzegovina, Jan 03 - Jun 12. *The first civilian CSDP Mission*. In line with the general objectives of the Paris/Dayton Agreement, EUPM sought to establish sustainable policing arrangements under BiH ownership in accordance with best European and international practice.

8. **EUJUST Themis** (Georgia), Jul 04 - Jul 05, the EU Rule of Law Mission to Georgia was the *first Rule of Law mission launched by the EU in the context of the European Security and Defence Policy* (ESDP). In the framework of EUJUST THEMIS, senior and highly experienced personnel supported, mentored and advised Ministers, senior officials and appropriate bodies at the level of the central government.

9. **EUPT Kosovo**, Apr 06 - Feb 08, EU Planning Team (EUPT Kosovo) regarding a possible EU crisis management operation in the field of rule of law and possible other areas in Kosovo.

10. **EULEX Kosovo**, 04 Feb 08 - 14 Jun 20. The EULEX objective is to support selected rule of law institutions in Kosovo on their path towards increased effectiveness, sustainability, multi-ethnicity, accountability, free from political interference, and in full compliance with international human rights standards and best European practices through monitoring activities and limited executive functions – with the aim to hand over remaining tasks to other long-term EU instruments and phase out of residual executive functions. In addition it continues to provide support to the implementation of the EU-facilitated Dialogue agreements, as necessary, and the Specialist Chambers/Specialist Prosecutor’s office (SC/SPO), within its means and capabilities.

11. **EUMM Georgia**, 15 Sep 08 - 14 Dec 18. The Mission was deployed in line with the EU-brokered Six-Point Agreement which ended the August 2008 armed conflict in Georgia. EUMM provides civilian monitoring of Parties' actions, including full compliance with the Six-Point Agreement and its implementing measures throughout Georgia.

12. **EUAM Ukraine**, 22 Jul 14 – 31 May 2019, supports Ukrainian political and institutional actors on Civilian Security Sector Reform. It delivers its mandate through three Lines of Operation (LO): LO1 – strategic advice, LO2 – operational support to ensure implementation of the strategic advice (through trainings, round tables, study trips, small-scale equipping projects etc.) and LO3 – coordination and cooperation with other EU actors and international donors in Ukraine.

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**ASIA**
13. **AMM** (Aceh Province, Indonesia), Sep 05 - Dec 06, The European Union, together with contributing countries from ASEAN, as well as with Norway and Switzerland, deployed the Aceh Monitoring Mission which was designed to monitor the implementation of various aspects of the peace agreement set out in the Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) signed by the Government of Indonesia and the Free Aceh Movement (GAM) on 15 August 2005. The AMM became operational on 15 September 2005, the date on which the decommissioning of GAM armaments and the relocation of non-organic military and policy forces began.

14. **EUPOL AFGHANISTAN** (Afghanistan), 12 Jun 07 - 31 Dec 16. The Mission supported the reform efforts of the Afghan Government in building a civilian police service that operates within an improved rule of law framework and in respect of human rights. The Mission focused on institutional reform of the Ministry of Interior (MoI) and on the professionalisation of the Afghan National Police, including the development of local training capacity and institutions. In addition, it supported the improved interaction among Afghan law enforcement and criminal justice actors such as cooperation between police officers and prosecutors in criminal investigations.

**AFRICA**

15. **EUPOL RD CONGO**, Apr 05 - Jun 07, was a European Union police mission in the Democratic Republic of the Congo providing assistance, mentoring, support and advice to the Congolese authorities for security sector reform (SSR) in the fields of policing and its interaction with the justice system. It also operated in cross-cutting areas of SSR, particularly human rights, gender, the protection of children in armed conflicts and the fight against impunity for sexual violence.

16. **EU SSR Guinea-Bissau**, Jun 08 - Sep 10, was the first mission planned entirely at the headquarters for EU civilian crisis management operations - the Civilian Planning and Conduct Capability (CPCC). The specific objective of the mission was to operationalise the National SSR Strategy through assisting in the development of detailed implementation plans for downsizing and restructuring the Armed Forces and the Security Forces. The mission consisted of military and civilian advisers.

17. **EUVASEC South Sudan**, Sep 12 - Jan 14. The EU Aviation Security Mission (EUAVSEC) in South Sudan was a non-executive civilian mission, and the European Union’s first engagement in South Sudan under the EU’s Common Security and Defence Policy. The mission responded to South Sudan's request for EU support to strengthening security at Juba International Airport.

18. **EUCAP SOMALIA**, Horn of Africa and the Western Indian Ocean, 01 Jul 12 – 31 Dec 18. The Mission contributes to the resilience and capacity building of Somali federal and regional maritime civilian law enforcement capabilities. The central aim of the Mission's mandate is to advise the Somali federal and regional authorities on the development of the Somali coast guard and maritime policing functions in the coastal zone, both at land and sea.
19. **EUPOL RD Congo**, 01 Jul 07 - 30 Sep 14, was a European Union police mission in the Democratic Republic of the Congo providing assistance, mentoring, support and advice to the Congolese authorities for security sector reform (SSR) in the fields of policing and its interaction with the justice system. It also operated in cross-cutting areas of SSR, particularly human rights, gender, the protection of children in armed conflicts and the fight against impunity for sexual violence.

20. **EUCAP Sahel Niger** 15 Jul 12 – 30 Sept 20, The Mission supports Nigerien security forces (Police Nationale, Gendarmerie Nationale, Garde Nationale) and the Nigerien Armed Forces to reinforce the rule of law and Nigerien capacities to fight terrorism and organised crime, in line with the EU Strategy for Security and Development. It is primarily an advisory and training Mission.

21. **EUCAP Sahel Mali** 15 Jan 15 – 14 Jan 19, Complementary to the military EUTM Mali, the Mission supports the restructuring of the Malian internal security forces (Police Nationale, Gendarmerie Nationale and Garde Nationale) with a view to help Malian authorities implement their Security Sector Reform through a combination of training activities and the provision of strategic advice. In this, it complements the work of the EU Military Training Mission.

22. **EUBAM LIBYA** 22 May 13 – 31 Dec 2018. The Mission supports the capacity of Libyan authorities to enhance the security of their land, sea and air borders in the short term and to develop a broader Integrated Border Management strategy in the long term. The current mandate is to assist in a comprehensive civilian security sector reform planning process with a view to preparing for a possible civilian Common Security and Defence Policy (CSDP) Mission, cooperating closely with and contributing to the United Nations Support Mission in Libya (UNSMIL) efforts, while engaging and assisting the legitimate Libyan authorities in the areas of border management, law enforcement and the broader criminal justice system.
ANNEX I: NOT MISSIONS, BUT ACTIONS

1. AMIS 11 Support, Darfur Province (Sudan), Jul 05 - Dec 07. The European Union established an EU civilian-military action to support the African Union’s enhanced Mission to Sudan / Darfur, AMIS, at the request of the African Union (AU), on 18 July 2005. During its two-and-a-half-year term, the EU action made available equipment and assets, provided planning and technical assistance and deployed military observers. It trained African troops, helped with tactical and strategic transportation and provided police assistance and training. The EU deployed several dozen military and civilian personnel to AMIS during the two-and-a-half-year mandate.

2. Regional Coordination Cell Sahel, launched 20/06/2017. The regionalisation of CSDP action in the Sahel is an initiative combining civilian and military activities with the aim to enhance internal security and defence co-operation of the 5 G5 Sahel countries (Mauritania, Mali, Burkina-Faso, Niger and Chad). The strategic objectives for the Regionalisation of CSDP actions in the Sahel are:

- To support cross-border cooperation;
- To support regional cooperation structures, in particular those of the G5 Sahel,
- In this context, to enhance the national capacities of the G5 Sahel countries.

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