

DRAFT COMPROMISES

Draft Report on "The future of EU-US relations" (2021/2038(INI))

Rapporteur: Tonino Picula (S&D)

Revised Guidelines on the Remote Voting Procedure in Committees adopted by the Conference of Committee Chairs on 9 February 2021

(relevant excerpts)

In light of the complexity of the voting procedure, the following provisions of the Rules of Procedure shall be strictly applied to voting lists for Committee votes:

- Oral Amendments shall not be admitted (see interpretation under Rule 180);
- Rule 183.4: compromise amendments shall be given priority in voting;
- Rule 183.5: split votes on compromise amendments are not possible;

As a general rule, compromise amendments entail the withdrawal of other amendments to the same passage. Bloc votes may apply to amendments which are complementary.

Committee Chairs will make full use of all prerogatives granted to them by the Rules of Procedure with the aim to further simplify and streamline the votes (e.g. Rules 174, 181, 182, 183). They will do their utmost to strongly encourage rapporteurs and shadow rapporteurs to find broad consensus on as many as possible elements of the text to be put to the vote, notably in the form of compromise amendments.

In consideration thereof, all amendments covered by or incompatible with the compromises will be deemed withdrawn for the purposes of the vote on this Report in committee. Amendments covered by or incompatible with the approved compromises will be deemed withdrawn irrespective of whether the approved compromises are voted on as a bloc or individually.

(000>): text taken from AM 000 starts

(<000): text taken from AM 000 ends

(000): elements taken from AM 000

Text: original text from Draft Recommendation

Text: text taken from AMs tabled or proposed by the Rapporteur

<u>Text</u>: new technical text or amendment text adjusted for technical reasons

IMPORTANT INFORMATION CONCERNING A

MENDMENTS COVERING TRADE MATTERS AND IMPINGING ON INTA'S EXCLUSIVE COMPETENCE IN VIEW OF INTA'S STATUS AS ASSOCIATED COMMITTEE UNDER RULE 57 OF THE RULES OF PROCEDURE:

Please note that INTA will deliver an opinion to the AFET report. For trade related matters INTA will deliver its contribution under the associated committee status (based on Rule 57 of Parliament's Rules of Procedure). This means that on trade related matters INTA has an exclusive competence. In this context the AFET Chair announced that AMs tabled in AFET to this report and dealing with trade related matters would be inadmissible.

The following trade related matters were addressed by Amendments tabled in AFET:

TTIP 2 or FTA with the US,

CAI.

WTO appellate body,

Role of WTO in lifting COVID vaccine patents,

Trade in medical supplies,

Trade partnership in low carbon technologies and products, (tabled by our Chair) WTO and China.

The AM breakdown per topic is as follows:

Generic reference to trade, amongst many other areas: AMs 24, 56, 70, 78, 169

Open strategic autonomy: 73

WTO (and WTO/China): AMs 27, 180, 191, 192, 193, 194

TTIP/Trade agreement with the US: AMs 64, 77, 120, 149, 170, 172

CAI: 97

Trade with Africa: AMs 391 (the non-trade related part of the AM will be put to the vote if not covered by a COMP)

Trade and Technology Council: AMs 119, 294, 329

Trade in LNG: AMs 332 (NB: only the last sentence is affected - the previous part of the AM will be put to the vote if not covered by a COMP)

TRIPS: AMs 180, 183

In agreement with the AFET Chair, the AFET Rapporteur and INTA, those amendments or parts of amendments, which impinge on INTA's competence and status as Associated Committee under Rule 57 of Parliament's Rules of Procedure shall be set aside for the part that insists on INTA's competence and shall not be used for the purpose of the compromises to be prepared in AFET. These AMs will be considered covered by or incompatible with the INTA opinion under Rule 57 to this report. INTA will proceed along the same lines for any AMs on foreign policy tabled in INTA.

Concerns: Paragraph 1 and Paragraph 1 a (new)
 Covers AMs: Rapporteur, 96 (Lexmann), 101 (Zovko), 102 (Bilcik), 94 (Matias et al)
 The following AMs will be deemed incompatible with the COMP and will fall if the COMP is adopted: AM 98 (Riviere/Mariani), 99 (Uhrik), 100 (Matias et al.),
 The following AMs will be set aside and will be deemed covered by the INTA Opinion on trade related matters: AM 97 (Buetikofer)

- 1. Welcomes the adoption of the new proposal of the Commission and the High Representative of the Union for Foreign Affairs and Security Policy for an EU-US agenda for global change in December 2020 as a blueprint for a renewed (96>) and strengthened (<96) transatlantic partnership;
- *1a*. (101>) Reconfirms its support for the strong EU-US transatlantic cooperation, partnership and friendship, which over the past 70 years has contributed (EPP/ALDE/Greens>) to Europe's development, prosperity and successful integration (<EPP/ALDE/Greens) and is the basis for its stability and security since the end of the Second World War; (102>) underlines that the EU's relationship with the US is built on common values; recalls that both political systems of the US and the EU are founded on democratic principles, rule of law and respect for fundamental freedoms (<102); (101>) is convinced that through transatlantic cooperation we can best contribute to a peaceful, sustainable and constructive solution to existing global and regional challenges (<101); (96/94>), including through focusing on a sustainable and environmentally friendly reconstruction of the economy (Greens/Renew/Rapporteur>), including carbon neutrality by *2050* (<Greens/Renew/Rapporteur), and overcoming regional, social, race, and gender injustice; insists that the renewed transatlantic partnership should be based on equality of partners (<94) stresses in parallel that the EU's strategic autonomy cannot be pursued without a qualitative improvement in the implementation of EU foreign (EPP>) and defence (<EPP) policy priorities and principles as well as an ambitious partnership and cooperation with the Union's closest allies, such as the United States (<**96**);

- Concerns: Paragraph 2 and Paragraph 2a (new)
- Covers AMs: Rapporteur, AM 103 (Buetikofer), 104 (Lexmann), 105 (Tudorache et al.), 106 (Matias et al.), 107 (Sikorski), 109 (Zovko), 112 (Lexmann), 113 (Lopez-Isturiz White), 115 (Millan Mon/Mato), 116 (Nistor), 117 (Tudorache et al.), 135 first part (Millan Mon/Mato), 330 (Zovko), 371 (Zovko)
- The following AMs will be deemed incompatible with the COMP and will fall if the COMP is adopted: AM 108 (Maurel),

- 2. Calls on the Council, the Commission and the Vice-President of the Commission/High Representative of the Union for Foreign Affairs and Security Policy (VP/HR) to reassert the continued relevance of the strategic transatlantic relationship for the rebuilding and (107>) reinvigoration (<107) of the multilateral rules-based international order (106/116>) with the UN System and international law at its centre (<106/116), the global strengthening of (105/113>) democracy and democratic values (<105/113), and the promotion of human rights, (104/112>) addressing the malign influence and disinformation of authoritarian regimes (<104/112), (105/117>) shaping the rules of the digital and technological future according to shared values (<105/117), sustainable (107>) economic (<107) development and inclusive (107/115>) economic (<107/115) growth (115/125>) and jobs (<115/125) (104>) worldwide (<104) (103>) and a coordinated position vis-à-vis Russia and China and a common offer of investing into global infrastructure initiatives in line with the EU's connectivity strategy (<103); (371>) underlines the relevance of the EU's connectivity strategy and calls for an enhanced EU-US cooperation in the core field of connectivity (<371); (330>) supports transatlantic efforts to avoid energy dependence by promoting energy diversification and more broadly connectivity through all possible mechanisms (<330), (Renew/EPP>) as also reflected in the G7 communiqué entitled "Our shared agenda for global action to build back better" (<Renew/EPP);
- 2a. (Rapporteur/Renew>) notes and supports as well as the new transatlantic resolve on support to democracy across the globe through, in particular, the defence of media freedom, support to civil society and the protection and defence of journalists (<Rapporteur/Renew); (109>) welcomes the clear commitment of the US to strengthen and further expand the scope of transatlantic relations by the decision of the US President to travel to Europe during his first overseas trip and to participate in the EU-US Summit in June (<109) (Renew>) as also reflected in the G7 communiqué entitled "Our shared agenda for global action to build back better"

(<Renew); (Rapporteur>) supports the operational conclusions of the Summit as detailed in the EU-US Summit Statement "towards a renewed Transatlantic partnership" issued on 15 June 2021 and attesting to a strong commitment by both parties to pursue synergies and deepen transatlantic dialogue and cooperation; notes in particular the transatlantic resolve to address humanitarian needs and stand up for international humanitarian law as well as expand the resource base for humanitarian action; notes also and supports the intention to enhance transatlantic cooperation on the use of sanctions to pursue shared foreign policy and security objectives (<Rapporteur);

- Concerns: Paragraph 3
- Covers AMs: Rapporteur, AM 110 (Waszczykowski et al.), 111 (Buetikofer), 114 (Zovko), 118 (Sikorski), 122 (Waszczykowski et al.), 204 (Matias et al.), 266 (Matias et al.), 348 (Paet)
- The following AMs will be deemed incompatible with the COMP and will fall if the COMP is adopted:

Suggested text of the compromise:

3. Calls for a new transatlantic agenda that (114>) pursues common interests and leverages collective strength and (<114) (118>) privileges promotes (<118) multilateral cooperation for a (111>) more equitable and (<111) healthier world, the fight against climate change, the promotion of the peaceful (118>) and sustainable (<118) resolution of conflicts, (348>) including regional conflicts, based on the principles of International law (<348), (111/204/266>) arms control, the nonproliferation of nuclear weapons and disarmament (<111/204/266), putting (Rapporteur/Renew>) at the centre (<Rapporteur/Renew) (110>) our shared strategic goals such as bolstering our supply chain for medicines and reforming the WHO, (Rapporteur>) ensuring adequate access to (EPP>) vaccines for (<EPP) vulnerable countries (<Rapporteur), (110>) lowering our dependency on external energy reserves, increasing investment in advanced technologies, fighting inequalities (<110), (111>) ecological transformation (<111) and (Rapporteur/107>) cooperating together and with relevant third countries for the security and stability of the EU's Eastern and Southern neighbourhood, Western Balkans and the African continent (< Rapporteur/107) at its centre;

```
Concerns: Paragraph 4, Paragraph 4a (new) and Paragraph 4b (new)

Covers AMs: Rapporteur, AM 125 (Zovko), 127 (Millan Mon/Mato), 128 (Sikorski), 129 (Matias et al.), 131 second part (Sikorski), 141 (Zovko), 146 (Bilcik), 148 (Austrevicius et al.), 199 (Zovko)

The following AMs will be deemed incompatible with the COMP and will fall if the COMP is adopted: AM 124 (Uhrik), 126 (Riviere/Mariani),
```

- 4. Underlines the need to (127>) deepen legislative cooperation and (<127) establish stronger structures for legislative cooperation and an inclusive transatlantic dialogue based on both legislative branches (*Rapporteur*>) across the Atlantic (<*Rapporteur*), such as a transatlantic legislators assembly; (125>) notes that raising the awareness of structures such as the Transatlantic Legislators' Dialogue, as well as more regular meetings and visits of the EP Foreign Affairs Committee with their US counterparts, for example on the occasion of (EPP>) regular (<EPP) annual visits of the respective committees, would restore confidence and the durability and efficiency of transatlantic cooperation (<125); (128>) urges encourages (<128) the US Congress to enhance the Transatlantic Legislators' Dialogue by authorising it as a (*Rapporteur>*) formal body with permanent membership devoted to furthering United States-European Union relations and as the natural counterpart of the European Parliament inter-parliamentary delegation for relations with the US Congress; welcomes the (Rapporteur>) relaunch (<Rapporteur) of the European Union Caucus in the US Congress and underlines the importance of close cooperation with and association to the activities of the Transatlantic Legislators' Dialogue (<Rapporteur); (131>) reaffirms the importance of the Transatlantic Legislators' Dialogue's steering committee in ensuring coordination of all activities relating to transatlantic cooperation on legislative efforts in the European Parliament, with a view to strengthening parliamentary oversight (<131);
- 4a. (Rapporteur/129/Renew>) Welcomes the rich transatlantic dialogue at civil society level and calls on the EU and the US to further valorise such dialogue and to involve all social and economic forces in the debate on the future of transatlantic relations; takes the view that a regular transatlantic civil society dialogue could be established for this purpose (<Rapporteur/129); (141>) stresses that EU-US citizen-to-citizen contacts contribute to the development of common values, trust and a mutual understanding between transatlantic partners; calls, therefore, for (Renew>) increased support for the (<Renew) promotion and facilitation of mobility and exchange programmes, such as Erasmus+, and exchanges of internships between the

Congress and the European Parliament (<141); (146/148>) underlines the importance of enhancing people-to-people contacts in science, research and education (<146/148);

4b. (199>) Stresses the importance of global cooperation on the transnational challenges of fostering education, science, youth and cultural diversity and dialogue; calls on the US to return to the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation (UNESCO); (<199)

- Concerns: Paragraph 5, Paragraph 5a (new),
- Covers AMs: 131 first part (Sikorski), 132 (Lopez-Istúriz White), 133 (Zovko), 134 (Nistor), 135 second part (Millan Mon/Mato), 136 (Tudorache et al.), 137 (Bilcik), 138 (Waszczykowski et al.), 139 (Buetikofer), 140 (Lexmann), 143 (Lexmann), 159 (Tudorache et al.), 164 (Waszczykowski et al.), 168 (Millan Mon/Mato), 171 (Lexmann), 184 first part (McAllister), 198 (Sikorski), 263 (Matias et al.), 266 (Matias et al.), 282 (Waszczykowski et al.), 285 (Waszczykowski et al.), 325 (Zovko), 331 (Matias et al.)
- The following AMs will be deemed incompatible with the COMP and will fall if the COMP is adopted:

- 5. Calls for strengthened interparliamentary cooperation between Members of the European Parliament Members of Congress (133/140/143>), members of the national Parliaments of EU Member States and of the various State legislatures of the respective 50 US federal States (<133/140/143), in different thematic areas that could enable the exchange of best practices (140>), (Greens>) also subnational dialogues such as the (Renew>)"Under 2 Coalition" (<Renew) (<Greens), and enhanced greater coordination on global, but also on shared, domestic challenges, such as addressing economic and social inequality, protection of human rights and democratic standards, (132>) in the face of growing anti-democratic threats both internal and external (<132), (134>) the defence of international law and the safeguarding of legally binding agreements and the promotion of common strategic interests (<134), universal health coverage, legislative convergence on (Greens>) human centric (<Greens) AI (132/136/138/139/159/164/266/282/285>) in all its forms and support for cooperation between US and EU companies, innovation, and on other cutting-edge technologies such as 5G and 6G and biotechnologies (<132/136/138/159/164/266/282/285), (184>) research, development and innovation (<184), (135/168>) the taxation of technology companies (<135/168), (131>) the responsibility and accountability (<131) of online platforms, (132>) including through providing the needed oversight to make sure that the policies of online platforms are in line with core democratic values (<132), (131/137/171>) the fight against climate change (263>) including as a security threat (<263) and the objective of a just transition towards climate neutrality, protecting a free and independent media landscape and protecting our democratic elections from foreign interference (<131/137/171), (Rapporteur/325>) reitirates the importance of the EU - US space cooperation and the EU - US Space Dialogue; welcomes the announced commitment to strengthen transatlantic cooperation on space by building on the Galileo - GPS Agreement; believes that EU-US cooperation on space could help promote space safety standards and best practices across the international community (<Rapporteur/325);
- 5a. (198/331>) Urges the EU and the US to work together on global tax challenges,

building on the work of the OECD, such as a reform of the international corporate tax system, with a view to eliminating the possibility for economic operators to use base erosion and profit shifting (BEPS) strategies to avoid paying corporate taxes; supports, in this regard, the work of the OECD/G20 Inclusive Framework on BEPS; underlines that reform efforts must include the elimination of tax havens; highlights that such measures can serve to reduce economic inequalities; affirms the EU's commitment to fair taxation in the digital economy, as called for in the new EU-US agenda for global change (<198/331);

Concerns: Paragraph 6
 Covers AMs: Rapporteur, 144 (Zovko), 145 (Basescu), 147 (Lexmann),
 The following AMs will be deemed incompatible with the COMP and will fall if the COMP is adopted:

Suggested text of the compromise:

6. Emphasises the importance of visa reciprocity between the EU and the US and encourages both sides to find a mutually acceptable solution through active diplomatic engagement that would enable a visa-free regime for all (147>) EU Member States (<147); welcomes the inclusion of Poland in the US Visa Waiver Program and the confirmation that also Croatia meets all the requirements to be included in the program; calls on the US to speed up the process of the accession of Bulgaria, Cyprus and Romania to the Visa Waiver Program;

Concerns: Paragraph 7
 Covers AMs: 151 (Zovko), 152 (Buetikofer), 153 (Austrevicius et al.), 154 (Olekas), 155 (Sanchez Amor), 156 (Sikorski), 157 (Lexmann),
 The following AMs will be deemed incompatible with the COMP and will fall if the COMP is adopted:

Suggested text of the compromise:

7. (157>) Emphasises that Welcomes (<157) the (156>) announced (<156) (Renew>) recommitment (<Renew) of the US to (152>) rules-based (<152) multilateralism (153/154>) and (Renew>) (<Renew) to the alliances with its partners (<153/154) (Rapporteur>) and emphasises that this provides an important (<Rapporteur) opportunity to re-engage with the US in (158>) repairing and (<158) rebuilding, (Rapporteur>) consolidating and further expanding (<Rapporteur) the transatlantic relationship (151>), including in areas such as multilateralism and human rights, and strengthening together, (155>) as equal partners (<155), the global rules-based order in the spirit of our shared (156>) liberal (<156) democratic values; underlines the importance of close cooperation with the US and other like-minded states for the modernisation of multilateral organisations in order to make them fit for purpose and improve the promotion of global peace and security, fundamental rights, universal values and international law (<151); (152>) emphasises also the need to include countries from the Global South in these efforts; stresses the need to closely cooperate and coordinate within the UN system, its agencies, organisations and missions, including with regard to staffing of leading positions (<152);

Concerns: Paragraph 8
 Covers AMs: Rapporteur, AM 163 (Stefanuta), 165 (Sikorski), 166 (Zovko), 167 (Basescu), 169 (Buetikofer), 189 (Buetikoer)
 The following AMs will be deemed incompatible with the COMP and will fall if the COMP is adopted:

Suggested text of the compromise:

8. (163/166/167/189>) Welcomes the decision of the Biden administration to re-join the Paris Agreement and the appointment of a Special Presidential Envoy for Climate (EPP>) John Kerry (<EPP) (<163/166/167/189); (Rapporteur>) Welcomes the announcement to establish an EU-US High-Level Climate Action Group (<Rapporteur); (165/169>) Urges the EU and the US to move forward concrete proposals to address climate change, (Greens/Rappoteur/Renew/The Left>) greening trade (<Greens Rappoteur/Renew/The Left), promote the operationalisation of green technology, including hydrogen, sustainable finance, and biodiversity (<165/169);

- Concerns: Paragraph 9 and Paragraph 9a (new)
- Covers AMs: 173 (Waszczykowski et al.), 174 (Buetikofer), 175 (Lexmann), 176 (Zovko), 177 (Castaldo), 178 (Stefanuta), 179 (Sikorski), 181 (Zovko), 182 (Waszczykowski et al.), 183 (Matias et al.)
- The following AMs will be deemed incompatible with the COMP and will fall if the COMP is adopted:

- 9. (178>) Welcomes the decision by the US to re-join the World Health Organisation (<178); Calls for transatlantic leadership on health diplomacy (176/179/182>) to coordinate the approach to stop COVID-19 at global scale, as well as possible future health crisis, and to strengthen global health security (<176/179/182), notably the reform of the World Health Organization and (173>) joint transatlantic effort to deliver equitable global access and distribution of the COVID-19 vaccines, tests and treatments, in particular in lower-income countries (EPP/RE>) (<EPP/RE); insists on fostering cooperation to establish better procedures for preparing for future pandemics, including through a coherent and consistent clinical and regulatory approach complementary to global supply chains to ensure flexibility and resilience (<173); (175>) calls for an impartial independent investigation into the source and spread of the COVID-19 pandemic, as well its handling by the WHO at its onset (<175);
- 9a. (181/183>) Underlines the need for enhanced public vaccine diplomacy in which the EU and the US can play a leading role, as global vaccination is the only way to end the pandemic; welcomes the financial contributions of the EU and the US to COVAX Facility and promotion of international cooperation to improve the accessibility of vaccines worldwide, by having a coordinated approach when addressing the proposal to ease intellectual property protection rules for vaccines; (180>) urges, in this sense, the transatlantic partners to work together to allow the rapid production and delivery of vaccines wherever needed (<181/183); (182>) encourages an exchange of best practices between the US and the EU on vaccine rollout to ensure better preparedness and resilience for the future (<182);

- Concerns: Paragraph 10
- Covers AMs: 184 (McAllister), 185 (Lexmann), 186 (Waszczykowski et al.), 187 (Castaldo), 188 (Matias et al.), 200 (Paet), 204 (Matias et al.), 222 (Millan Mon/Mato), 223 (Millan Mon/Mato), 224 (Millan Mon/Mato)
- The following AMs will be deemed incompatible with the COMP and will fall if the COMP is adopted:

- 10. (200>) Calls for a concerted EU-US approach in the United Nations including on the UN reform to strengthen the UN's effectiveness as a multilateral organization, bring more transparency to the institution and enhance its credibility (<200); Calls for coordinated efforts to achieve ambitious commitments at the UN summits on climate change and biodiversity in 2021 (Greens>) (COPS 26) (<Greens); (184>) calls for the EU and the US to play a leading role (186/204>) within the United Nations Framework on Climate Change and in other fora such as the International Civil Aviation Organization and the International Maritime Organization; emphasizes in this regard that cooperation in clean energy and research, development and innovation, and in low-carbon technologies and products is crucial (<184), as well as cooperation on other pressing issues such as non-proliferation, conflict resolution, countering (Greens) violent (<Greens) radicalisation and terrorism (<186/204); expresses concern at the fact that over the past three decades China has tripled its carbon emissions and its now emitting 27% of the world's greenhouse gases, making EU and US efforts to address greenhouse gas emissions largely insufficient without <u>a</u> clear commitment and implementation by China (<185);
- 10a. (222>) Calls for the international law of the sea to be defended and, in this respect, reiterates its request to the US to ratify the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea (<222); (223>) calls on the US to join in the EU's efforts to encourage the adoption of an international treaty on marine litter and plastic pollution in the sea at the next United Nations Environment Assembly (<223); (224>) urges the US and the EU to strengthen their cooperation in the fight against illegal, unreported and unregulated fisheries around the world (<224);

This compromise will provide the opening in the text of the own-initiative report for the contribution provided by INTA as Associated Committee under Rule 57 of the Rules of Procedure. The AFET amendments used for the proposed compromises were considered only for their part of the text not related specifically to trade matters.

Concerns: Paragraph 11
 Covers AMs: Rapporteur, 195 (Lopez-Isturiz White), 196 (Sikorski),
 The following AMs will be deemed incompatible with the COMP and will fall if the COMP is adopted: AM 197 (Riviere/Mariani)

Suggested text of the compromise:

11. (196>) Stresses the need (<196) to work together with the US, (195>) building on positive momentum (<195), on strengthening the multilateral trading system and reforming the World Trade Organization; (Rapporteur>) welcomes the announcement of the establishment of the EU-US Trade and Technology Council (<Rapporteur) (INTA/Rapporteur>) welcomes the outcome of the EU-US summit of 15 June 2021 'Towards a renewed Transatlantic partnership' as a sign of a revived and constructive engagement; welcomes the Understanding on a Cooperative Framework for Large Civil Aircraft; takes note of the recognition in the EU-US summit statement that the US's application of tariffs on imports from the EU under US Section 232 have led to tensions in the Transatlantic relationship and salutes the explicit commitment in the same statement to resolve existing differences on steel and aluminium overcapacity before the end of the year; considers the establishment of several platforms for permanent discussion such as the Trade & Technology Council as well as the EU-US Joint Technology Competition Policy Dialogue essential as they will further enable transatlantic commerce and urges the European Commission to set up an efficient and inclusive structure on the EU side for the Trade & Technology Council as soon as possible; welcomes the establishment of a Joint EU-US COVID Manufacturing and Supply Chain Taskforce (<INTA/Rapporteur);

Concerns: Paragraph 12
 Covers AMs: 201 (Castaldo), 202 (Lexmann), 203 (Tudorache)
 The following AMs will be deemed incompatible with the COMP and will fall if the COMP is adopted:

Suggested text of the compromise:

12. Believes that the EU should reaffirm together with the US the centrality of the Sustainable Development Goals (EPP>)and (<EPP) the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, as a framework for effective multilateral cooperation, involving also China (201>) whenever possible (<201), (Rapporteur/202/203) provided there is a genuine commitment by China to pursue dialogue and cooperation in a non-adversarial fashion and with an agenda which reinforces the core-structures and objectives of the 2030 agenda (<202/203);

Concerns: Paragraph 13
 Covers AMs: 205 (Maurel), 206 (Millan Mon/Mato), 207 (Lexmann), 208 (Austrevicius), 209 (Stefanuta), 210 (Kokalari), 214 (Sikorski), 217 (Lopez Isturiz-White)
 The following AMs will be deemed incompatible with the COMP and will fall if the COMP is adopted:

Suggested text of the compromise:

13. Calls for enhanced coordination on the use of (210/Renew>) restrictive measures including human-rights sanctions (<210/Renew), (207/208/209>) and urges the Council to adopt a corruption component as part of the EU's Global Human Rights Sanctions Regime (<207/208/209); (214/217>) calls on the EU and the US to coordinate their sanctions policies whenever possible and useful (<214/217);

- Concerns: Paragraph 14 and Paragraph 14a (new)
- Covers AMs: Rapporteur, 211 (Zovko), 212 (Buetikofer), 215 (Lexmann), 216 (Waszczykowski et al.), 218 (Sanchez Amor)
- The following AMs will be deemed incompatible with the COMP and will fall if the COMP is adopted: 213 (Uhrik)

- 14. Welcomes the Biden administration's announced commitment to re-engage with the UN Human Rights Council, signalling the US's renewed intention to promote human rights globally (212>) in the hope to strengthen efforts towards upholding human rights globally and to prevent the authoritarian redefinition of human rights as a state-centred concept (<212); (211/215/216>) calls on the EU and the US together with likeminded allies to work to reform the Human Rights Council and in particular set clear criteria for its membership (<211/215/216);
- 14a. (218>) Calls for strengthening the EU-US commitment towards the promotion and protection of human rights globally, as well as to fight the rise of authoritarianism and illiberal regimes; encourages the elaboration of a comprehensive EU-US joint toolbox rights abuses(Rapporteur/Renew>) for tackling human (<Rapporteur/Renew); calls on EU Institutions to (EPP/ECR>) work closely with fellow (<EPP/ECR)democracies to defend and promote fundamental human rights and democratic values at the international level through a reinforced close collaboration with international organizations, such as the Council of Europe and the OSCE (<218); (Rapporteur) takes the view that Parliament and Congress could cooperate together on instances of human rights defenders and civil society representatives persecuted and incarcerated without cause or to repress their actions (<Rapporteur);

J	Concerns: Paragraph 15
J	Covers AMs: 219 (Butikofer), 220 (Millan Mon/Mato), 221 (Sikorski)
J	The following AMs will be deemed incompatible with the COMP and will fall if the COMP is adopted:

Suggested text of the compromise:

15. (219/220/221>) Welcomes the lifting of the US sanctions on top officials of the International Criminal Court (ICC) by the Biden administration; Encourages the US to join the Rome Statute establishing the ICC and to engage constructively with the Court in its ongoing investigations and legal proceedings (<219/220/221);

- Concerns: Paragraph 16 and Paragraph 16d (new)
- Covers AMs: 226 (Buetikofer), 227 (Zovko/Asimakopoulou), 228 (Lexmann), 229 (Kubilius/Jukneviciene), 231 (Millan Mon/Mato), 232 (Austrevicius et al.), 234 (Sanchez Amor), 236 (Buetikofer), 238 (Buetikofer),
- The following AMs will be deemed incompatible with the COMP and will fall if the COMP is adopted: AM 225 (Uhrik), 230 (Waszczykowski et al.), 233 (Riviere/Mariani)

Suggested text of the compromise:

- 16. (226/227/229/231>) Encourages Reiterates its appeal to the US to move towards the abolition abolish of the death penalty, the reform of its criminal justice system, including through addressing systemic racism, and the end of all discrimination against LGBTQI persons;
- 16a. urges dialogue and exchange of best practices between the EU and US on promoting racial and gender equality (<226/227/229/231); (228/236>); (236>) calls on the EU and the US to take decisive steps to address systemic racism, as reflected in police violence that disproportionately targets ethnic and racial minorities, and entrenched inequalities that fuel legitimate peaceful protests (<236);
- 16b. (237>) insists that increased efforts are needed on improving gender equality and women's rights, including on gender-based violence, and sexual and reproductive health and rights, among others (<237);
- 16c. calls on the EU and the Member States to strengthen their cooperation with the EU in promoting the freedom of religion or belief across the world (<228/236); (92/235/Rapporteur/Renew>) calls on the EU and the US to mutually protect and preserve Europe's (Renew>) and US' (<Renew) cultural and historical heritage in the US and in the EU (<235/Rapporteur/Renew/92),
- 16d. (232/234/236/238/Rapporteur>) Takes the view that the EU and the US together can advance equality and the respect of human rights and ensure that these are duly reflected and supported in the decision-making of multilateral fora; suggests, therefore, to explore a permanent platform for dialogue between the EU and the US to take concrete steps to combat racism, hate speech and discrimination including discrimination against LGTBQI persons, and calls for a closer multilateral cooperation in this regard with international organization such as the OSCE, UN, the African Union, the OAS and the CoE; calls on the EU and the US to organize together a Global Anti-Racism Summit on combating global racism and discrimination (<232/234/236/238/Rapporteur);

NEW COMP 16 B

J	Concerns: Paragraph 16 b (new)
J	Covers AMs: Rapporteur, 237 (Buetikofer)

Suggested text of the compromise:

16b. (Rapporteur/237>) insists that increased efforts are needed on improving gender equality and women's rights, including on gender-based violence, and sexual and reproductive health and rights, among others (<237/Rapporteur);

NEW COMP 16 C

- Concerns: Paragraph 16 c (new)
- Covers AMs: 228 (Lexmann), 235 (Millan Mon/Mato), 236 (Buetikofer), 238 (Buetikofer), 92 (Millan Mon/Mato)
- The following AMs will be deemed incompatible with the COMP and will fall if the COMP is adopted: AM 225 (Uhrik), 230 (Waszczykowski et al.), 233 (Riviere/Mariani)

Suggested text of the compromise:

16c. (228/236>) calls on the EU and the Member States to strengthen their cooperation with the EU in promoting the freedom of religion or belief across the world (<228/236); (92/235/Rapporteur/Renew>) calls on the EU and the US to mutually protect and preserve Europe's (Renew>) and US' (<Renew) cultural and historical heritage in the US and in the EU (<235/Rapporteur/Renew/92),

- Concerns: Paragraph 17, Paragraph 17a (new) and Paragraph 17b (new) and Citation 3b (new)
- Covers AMs: 241 (Basescu), 242 (Vandenkendelaere), 243 (Vandenkendelaere), 244 (Vandenkendelaere), 246 (Zovko), 247 (Stefanuta), 248 (Buetikofer), 249 (Mato, Millan Mon), 250 (Lexmann), 252 (Tudorache et al.), 253 (Nistor), 254 (Olekas), 255 (Castaldo), 256 (Austrevicius), 257 (Lopez Isturiz White), 258 (McAllister), 262 (Buetikofer), 264 (Zovko), 277 (Bilcik), 280 (Lexmann), 320 (Stefanuta)
- The following AMs will be deemed incompatible with the COMP and will fall if the COMP is adopted: AM 245 (Matias et al.), 251 (Maurel), 261 (Nart), 328 (Castaldo)
- AM 259 (Sikorski), 260 (Zovko) will be put to the vote as a possible addition to the text of the compromise.

- (Rapporteur>) having regard to the Communiqué issued by the Heads of State and Government participating in the meeting of the North Atlantic Council in Brussels 14 June 2021 (<Rapporteur)
- 17. (247>) Underlines that the transatlantic alliance remains fundamental for the security and the stability of the European continent, as NATO is the foundation of Europe's collective defence (<247) (246>) and is a key pillar of European security (<246); (258>) reaffirms further that NATO allies and partners as well as the European Union collectively must do more to meet fair expectations as a credible and equal transatlantic partner that is able and willing to defend itself and to manage crises in its own neighbourhood, while taking the lead when necessary but in close coordination with the United States (<258); supports a rebalancing of the responsibilities in the transatlantic security relationship by fostering greater selfreliance for EU Member States in matters of defence as a way to lessen the burden on the US (Rapporteur>) and in a way that will create synergies between NATO membership and EU defence capabilities (<Rapporteur); (248>) stresses that EU-NATO cooperation is based on 74 commonly agreed actions in specific areas; reminds that both organisations have different tasks and priorities, with NATO being in charge of collective territorial <u>defence</u> of its members, and the EU aiming for military crisis management abroad (249/252/253>) with a potential for further (241>) dialogue and cooperation (<241) on security challenges (<249/252/253) and (243/249>) (EPP/Renew>) strategic (<EPP/Renew) partnership built on common support for the core values of democracy, freedom and the promotion of peace (<243/249); stresses that more in-depth cooperation, pooling and sharing and an

efficient and transparent European defence sector strengthens also capabilities available for NATO (<248); (247>) underlines that creating a strong EU industrial base and stronger military capabilities at EU level and investing in military mobility and interoperability will not only strengthen the EU but it would also simultaneously reinforce the transatlantic alliance (<247) (Rapporteur/246>) and be synergic with the role and relevance of the EU and its Member States in NATO (<Rapporteur/246); (246>) expresses, therefore, its full commitment to the European defence initiatives, notably such as among others the EDF, PESCO, and the EPF; underlines that the transatlantic partnership can only be successful if (246/250>) all Member States fulfil their commitments (<246/250), including defence investment pledges and engage in mutual support (<246) (254/255/256/257>) and pursue a more balanced burden-sharing (<254/255/256/257); (320>) underlines the need for all the NATO allies to invest financially in developing, acquiring and maintaining the capabilities that NATO needs to defend its citizens (<320); (246/244/Rapporteur>) points also to the ongoing drafting process of the EU Strategic Compass, which will be a milestone for a stronger European defence and security cooperation, and underlines that the Strategic Compass should be closely linked with the (EPP>) (<EPP) (EPP>) drafting (*EPP*) of NATO's Strategic Concept, and expresses its conviction that these parallel processes offer a unique opportunity to significantly advance and update the transatlantic political and security partnership and make it fit to address the current global challenges that both the EU and the US are faced with; stresses that the ambition of European strategic (EPP>) autonomy (<EPP) by no means undermines NATO but is complementary to it; calls for the conclusion of an administrative arrangement between the European Defence Agency and the United States and welcomes the commitment by the EU and the US, as reflected in the statement issued at the end of the EU-US summit on 15 June 2021, to begin discussions as soon as possible (<246/244/Rapporteur); (262>) promotes setting up processes of foreign policy (Rapporteur>) and security and defence policy (<Rapporteur) coordination between the US, the EU and the UK (<262);

- 17a. (264/EPP>); Welcomes the positive decision by the Council of 6 May 2021 authorising the coordinator of the Military Mobility project, the Netherlands, to invite the US, Canada and Norway, following their respective requests, to participate in the PESCO project on military mobility; Stresses that this participation will enhance the coherence of EU and NATO capabilities and the interoperability, preparedness and resilience of transatlantic forces (<264/EPP);
- 17b. (280>) Calls for enhanced cooperation between the EU, US and NATO with our eastern neighbours in particular, Georgia, Ukraine and Moldova- in security and defence-related matters, including through support for these countries' territorial integrity, and to strengthen their resilience against cyber, informational, espionage and other threats directed at them (<280);

- Concerns: Paragraph 18 and Paragraph 18 a (new)
- Covers AMs: 265 (Matias et al.), 269 (Sikorski), 270 (Buetikofer), 271 (Zovko), 272 (Stefanuta), 273 (Tudorache et al.), 274 (Basescu), 275 (Lexmann), 276 (Olekas), 278 (Tudorache et al.), 279 (Sanchez Amor), 281 (Paet), 306 (Sanchez Amor)
- The following AMs will be deemed incompatible with the COMP and will fall if the COMP is adopted: 267 (Uhrik), 268 (Vandenkendelaere)

- 18. (269/275>) Considers it necessary Urges the EU and the US to foster close cooperation not only on traditional security threats, but also on newemerging (<269/275) ones such as hostile foreign technological dominance, hybrid threats, disinformation (269/270/271/273/274/276/278>) campaigns and (Greens>) malign (<Greens) interference in electoral processes; urges the EU and the US to develop close cooperation in the field of and cybersecurity; urges the EU to develop more efficient cyber capabilities to bolster the its abilities to defend itself against cyber threats; welcomes the Commission's new Cybersecurity Strategy as a basis for the setting of international norms and standards in cyberspace (<269/270/271/273/274/276/278); (271/272>) calls to develop, acquire and maintain the necessary capabilities also within NATO, (281>) including in terms of intelligence sharing (<281) and for stronger coordination between EU agencies, such as the European Union Agency for Cybersecurity (ENISA), with their American counterparts (<271/272); (EPP>) recognizes that, to a certain degree, cyber defence is more effective if it contains some offensive means and measures as well, provided their use is compliant with international law (<EPP); (270>) stresses the need for a common approach as regards banning lethal autonomous weapons (EPP>) without meaningful human control (<EPP), regulating autonomy of weapons systems at global level, and for restricting the export and proliferation of cyber tools, mass surveillance technology; underlines that global arms control needs to be updated to be able to face (EPP>) (<EPP) cyber and (EPP>) non-human centric (<EPP) AI challenges (<270); (265>) calls on the transatlantic partners to support and actively contribute to the UN Secretary-General's call for a global cease fire (<265);
- 18a. (279>) <u>Takes the view that</u> the protection of democratic and electoral processes is a <u>matter of</u> global security; suggests <u>in this regard</u> the joint development of a close framework for responses to interferences in electoral processes, set on a Transatlantic Code of Practices for Free and Resilient Democratic Processes, which seeks structural and comprehensive measures to respond to the hybrid nature of interferences, collaborating closely with international organizations such as the OSCE (<279); (306>) calls on the EU and the US to promote a closer and more ambitious international cooperation on election observation jointly with all relevant partners, especially with the endorsing organizations of the "Declaration of

Principles for international election observation", to counter growing public security threats to electoral processes; stresses the need to jointly counter the growing phenomenon of fake domestic (EPP>) election (<EPP) observation, which undermines public trust in election observation overall, and to assess in-depth the opportunities, challenges and risks involved in the growing use of new electoral Information and Communication Technologies; insists on the need to reinforce the necessary cooperation with relevant domestic election observation organizations at all levels, as well as their protection within the framework of their activities (<306);

Concerns: Paragraph 19
 Covers Rapporteur, AMs: 289 (Sikorski), 290 (Olekas), 291 (Lexmann), 292 (Austrevicius et al.), 293 (Buetikofer)
 The following AMs will be deemed incompatible with the COMP and will fall if the COMP is adopted: AM 287 (Maurel)
 AM 288 (Matias et al.) will be put to the vote as a possible addition to the text of the compromise

Suggested text of the compromise:

19. Supports the creation of the EU-US Security and Defence Dialogue and calls on the VP/HR to launch it as soon as possible; (291/Rapporteur/290/292/293>) points to the importance of including in such dialogue also NATO representatives to promote synergies with the ongoing cooperation in the EU-NATO framework and avoid any duplications of policy responses (<291/Rapporteur/292/293); (289>) underlines that the EU-US Security and Defence dialogue should include cooperation on security and defence initiatives, crisis management, military operations and bilateral security matters, as noted in the EU-US agenda for global change; highlights that information-sharing would form an important part of such a dialogue (<289);

- Concerns: Paragraph 20
- Covers AMs: 295 (Zovko), 297 (Lopez-Isturiz White), 299 (Buetikofer), 300 (Nistor), 301 (Waszczykowski et al.), 302 (Olekas), 303 (Austrevicius et al.), 304 (Millan Mon/Mato), 305 (Lexmann), 306 (Sanchez Amor), 307 (Matias et al.), 309 (Matias et al.)
- The following AMs will be deemed incompatible with the COMP and will fall if the COMP is adopted: AM 296 (Riviere/Mariani), 298 (Uhrik),

Suggested text of the compromise:

20. Stresses the common need (295>) for our societies to engage in an introspective process on our common democratic values, as well as on the respect for the other and for the diversity of opinions in order (<295) to (299>) re-invigorate and (<299) defend global democracy against rising authoritarianism, (299>) as promoted by both Russia and China, but (<299) also within the transatlantic community, (297>) by, inter alia, by strengthening the accountability and resilience of our democratic systems, by countering extremist views and (Greens>) racism (<Greens) that provide a fertile (297/300/301/302/303/304/305>) anti-democratic ground (<297/300/301/302/303/304/305) movements to thrive, by standing up with one united voice against the malign influence of authoritarian actors geopolitically (<297) and by engaging on transatlantic dialogue and by fostering inclusive social and economic policies that address the root causes of inequalities (295>), underlines the value of transatlantic dialogue and cooperation on policies supporting democracy, human rights and the rule of law, fighting disinformation and foreign interference (<307); (309>) underlines the need on both sides to address the drivers of declining public trust in policy and institutions; stresses that efforts in this direction should include building trust in science and facts, expanding a safety net of non-discrimination policies, rejecting and addressing racial and religious discrimination (<309);

- Concerns: Paragraph 21
- Covers AMs: 315 (Kubilius/Jukneviciene), 316 (Austrevicius et al.), 317 (Zovko), 318 (McAllister), 319 (Castaldo), 321 (Lexmann), 322 (Matias et al.), 323 (Buetikofer), 327 (McAllister)
- The following AMs will be deemed incompatible with the COMP and will fall if the COMP is adopted:

Suggested text of the compromise:

21. (317>) Underlines the fundamental importance of democratic principles, which are the basis of our social and economic progress and our free societies (<317); Supports the proposal of President Biden to hold a Summit for Democracy (317>) to promote universal values (Renew>) (<Renew); calls on the US to draw experience from the EU's Conference of the Future of Europe (<317) and (319>) calls on the Commission and the Council to support the initiative of the Summit both politically and practically (<319); (316>) takes the view that the proposed Summit for Democracy should aim at (322>) promoting value based multilateralism (<322) (323>) and solidarity between democracies when they are under pressure (<323), strengthening democracy internally and globally, particularly increasing citizen participation in democratic governance, voicing concerns and seeking peaceful solution to ongoing crackdowns on democratic movements and protecting the human rights defenders, including environmental defenders, around the globe (<316) (321>) in addition to addressing the growing influence of authoritarian regimes (<321); (318>) emphasizes in this regard that such an effort could help chart a clear course forward to counter populism and authoritarianism as well as to protect fundamental democratic and human rights values (<318); (315>) proposes that the EU establishes together with the US a transatlantic alliance to defend democracy globally and elaborate a democracy defence toolkit, which should include joint actions on sanctions, antimoney laundering policies, rules on the conditionality of economic and financial assistance, international investigations, and support for human rights activists and defenders of democracy (<315); (327>) calls for a better communication with and between citizens on both sides on the enduring importance of the transatlantic bond and its relevance today; reaffirms in this regard the value of exchanges between legislators, businesses and the civil society (<327);

- Concerns: Paragraph 22 and Paragraph 22a (new)
- Covers AMs: Rapporteur, 333 (Millan Mon/Mato), 334 (Millan Mon/Mato), 336 (Buetikofer), 337 (Zovko), 338 (Castaldo), 339 (Bilcik), 340 (Lexmann), 341 (Basescu), 343 (Austrevicius et al.), 344 (Kubilius/Jukneviciene), 412 (Lopez Isturiz White)
- The following AMs will be deemed incompatible with the COMP and will fall if the COMP is adopted: AM 335 (Matias et al.), 342 (Maurel),

- 22. Believes that the EU should engage more with the US (337>) in and renew the strategic partnership in relation to (<337) (343/344>) the Western Balkans and (Rapporteur>) eastern Europe countries of the Eastern Partnership (<Rapporteur) and the Western Balkans and (<343/344) in order to build resilient, prosperous, democratic multi-ethnic societies there, capable of resisting the disruptive influence of both local and external authoritarian forces (340/341); (337>) recalls that the stability of the Western Balkans (Renew/Rapporteur>) and countries of Eastern Partnership (<Renew/Rapporteur) is a matter of peace and security for the region as well as for the EU; welcomes the highly increased coordination of the US with the EU in supporting the countries of the Western Balkans on their path to European integration and membership (<337); (412/333/334>) takes the view that regular, institutionalised coordination between the Foreign Affairs Council and the US Secretary of State on this and other foreign policy matters would enhance (Renew>) (<Renew) transatlantic dialogue and cooperation on foreign policy matters of common concern and foster further convergence of policy stances at transatlantic level (<412/333/334); (336>) calls for strong EU leadership and an effective coordination with the US in order to push back against initiatives aiming at redrawing borders, and similar sub-national initiatives to deepen ethnic divide and segregation, as well as (340>) the issue of Chinese investment and financing across the region and its impact on democratic governance and the environment (<340); stresses the importance of close EU-US cooperation and coordination on fighting state capture, corruption, organised crime, foreign interference, and attacks on media freedom, and promoting the rule of law, in depthreforms, good neighbourly relations, and reconciliation, and the objective of Euro-Atlantic integration ($\langle 336 \rangle$;($339 \rangle$) underlines the EU's leading role in the process of normalisation of relations between Serbia and Kosovo (<339);
- (Rapporteur>) Stresses the common interest in supporting the long-term sustainable peace, stability, security, resilience, democracy and respect for human rights in the South Caucasus; welcomes the US engagement in the region, in cooperation with EU, including through mechanisms such as the OSCE Minsk Group (<Rapporteur);

- Concerns: Paragraph 23
- Covers AMs: 349 (Zovko); 350 (McAllister), 351 (Nistor), 352 (Lexmann), 353 (Buetikofer), 354 (Sanchez Amor), 355 (Lopez-Isturiz White), 357 (Waszczykowski et al.), 358 (Sikorski), 359 (Castaldo), 360 (Stefanuta)
- The following AMs will be deemed incompatible with the COMP and will fall if the COMP is adopted: 356 (Matias et al.), 361 (Tudorache et al.),

Suggested text of the compromise:

23. (350>) Notes that China's economic influence, geopolitical power and various forms of Chinese power projection as well as military strength have brought its system of authoritarian governance into conflict with Western systems of governance that are based on liberal democratic values; (349>) recalls China's increased presence on the international stage as well as in Europe through its Belt and Road Initiative, its activities in cyber space, in the Arctic regions, and in Africa (<349); stresses in this regard that China has become a systemic rival (353>) and competitor (<353), but that it (Renew/Rapporteur>) should be (<Renew/Rapporteur) also an important partner in tackling many global problems; (349>) is convinced that a joint transatlantic approach to engage with China is the best way to ensure a peaceful, sustainable and mutual beneficial long-term relationship with China (<349); (EPP>) welcomes in this context the recent relaunch of a comprehensive EU-US (355>) high-level (<355) (360>) strategic (<360) dialogue on China and takes the view that (<EPP) and should provide a key mechanism for advancing our interests and managing our differences (*Rapporteur/358>) and that should address the areas of divergence, such as the Comprehensive Agreement on Investments, (<Rapporteur/358*) and explore possibilities for EU-US (Renew/Greens>)engagement (<Renew/Greens) with (351>) the People's Republic of (<351) China in multilateral frameworks on common (361>) and global (<361) challenges, such as climate change, (359>) health related risks and the respect of human rights (<359), (357>) cyberspace, arms control, nonproliferation and emerging disruptive technologies (<357); (353>) emphasises the need for a strong parliamentary dimension of this dialogue (<353); calls for developing a broad range of policy instruments and, where possible, search for transatlantic synergies for dealing with China; emphasizes in this regard that the EU and the US share very serious concerns over systematic human rights violations in China (349>) with particular regard to the Uyghur community (<349/350); (351>) strongly believes that relations with the PRC, both bilateral and otherwise, must always include the safeguarding and the promotion of shared democratic values and that any multilateral agenda must have at its core the notion of full compliance with international law and the protection of human rights (<351)

*This part is deleted as it falls under the remit of INTA.

Concerns: Paragraph 24 and Paragraph 24a (new)
 Covers AMs: 362 (Lexmann), 363 (Buetikofer), 364 (Tudorache et al.), 365 (Sikorski), 368 (Zovko),
 The following AMs will be deemed incompatible with the COMP and will fall if the COMP is adopted: 366 (Matias et al.)

- 24. Underscores the need to explore areas of convergence and possible cooperation with the US on China, notably regarding the protection of human and minority rights, deescalation of tensions in (363>) South-and East China Seas, Hong Kong and across the Taiwan Straits; emphasises the relevance of UNCLOS as a legal basis for resolving conflicts; reiterates its support for shared connectivity initiatives; calls for coordination of actions in the Indo-Pacific region; supports closer coordination on these and other issues of common concern:
- 24a. (368>) Points to the ongoing work on the EU's Indo-Pacific strategy and highlights this geo-strategic region, which is home to common transatlantic democratic friends and partners such as Japan, South Korea, Australia and New Zealand (Greens/Renew/ECR/Rapporteur>) as well as Taiwan (<Greens/Renew/ECR/Rapporteur), and calls for an enhanced EU-US partnership and coordination on the Indo-Pacific region; recalls the importance of the fostering ties with the ASEAN members as well as the Pacific Island Forum (PIF) (<368);

- Concerns: Paragraph 25
- Covers AMs: 347 (Zovko), 375 (Nistor), 376 (Matias et al.), 377 (Paet), 378 (Stefanuta), 379 (Picula/Reuten), 381 (Austrevicius et al.), 382 (Basescu), 383 (Sikorski), 384 (Tudorache et al.), 385 (Bilcik), 386 (Buetikofer), 387 (Lexmann), 388 (Lexmann), 389 (McAllister), 390 (Picula/Reuten), 392 (Matias et al.), 393 (Basescu), 397 (Waszczykowski et al.),
- The following AMs will be deemed incompatible with the COMP and will fall if the COMP is adopted: AM 374 (Uhrik), 380 (Riviere/Mariani),

Suggested text of the compromise:

25. Calls for close cooperation (386) to work towards a common plan of engagement with the Russian Federation and, in parallel, to jointly address the range of threats emanating from the Russian Federation, such as the continued destabilisation of Ukraine and Georgia, (381/384/389>) the Republic of Moldova, support for Lukashenka's illegitimate rule in Belarus (<381/384/389), (388/393>) as well as Russia's role and influence in the Western Balkans and in the Black Sea (<388/393); (377/383/387/397>) the deplorable interference in democratic processes in the EU and the US, including elections (EPP, S&D, The Left>) and the financing of extremist political parties (<EPP, S&D, The Left) (<377/383/387/397) (347>) and the revisionist policies (<347); hybrid threats and disinformation campaigns, while at the same pursuing selective cooperation in the areas of shared transatlantic interest, notably in the area of arms control (379>) architecture, including the Intermediate-range Nuclear Forces (INF) Treaty, as well as climate diplomacy and the revival of the JCPOA and stabilization of Afghanistan (<379); (378>) welcomes the decision taken by the current US Administration to extend the new START arms control treaty (<378); (390/392>) emphasizes the need to revitalize the arms control talks between the key global players, such as U.S. and Russia, that have direct impact on the European security, as well as to include China in future arms control negotiations; stress the need for urgent rebuilding of the conventional arms control architecture, to limit the (EPP/Rapporteur) scope for arms race and (<EPP/Rapporteur) unforeseen incidents (<390/392); (376>) welcomes the readiness of the Biden administration to re-start dialogue and negotiations with Russia (Rapporteur>) and supports the plan by the EU and the US to establish a EU-US high level dialogue on Russia (<Rapporteur); takes the view that the EU and its Member States should actively support the search for ways to further dialogue and should contribute to the rebuilding of mutual trust (<376); (375>) stresses the importance, in parallel, of dialogue with civil society and support for civil society organisations in Russia that seek to advance dialogue on political pluralism, agency and the legitimate democratic aspirations of the Russian people (<375);

COMP 25 A

- Concerns: Paragraph 25a (new), Paragraph 25b (new), Paragraph 25c (new), Paragraph 25d (new) and Paragraph 25e (new)
- Covers AMs: 346 (Asumakopolou et al.), 391 (Buetikofer), 394 (Millan Mon/Mato), 395 (Paet), 405 (Lopez-Isturiz White), 406 (Picula/Reuten), 410 (Zovko), 419 (Austrevicius et al.), 421 (Tudorache et al.), 422 (Zovko), 423 (Stefanuta), 425 (Zovko)
- The following AMs will be deemed incompatible with the COMP and will fall if the COMP is adopted:

Suggested text of the compromise:

- 25a. (391/410/421/423>) Underlines the importance of and calls for US-EU cooperation and coordination vis-à-vis the African continent, its different regions and countries with a view to ensuring sustainable development and promoting security, stability and prosperity; stresses the urgent need for a strong and fair partnership between the US, EU and Africa taking into account the (Renew>) challenges of climate change and its demographic implications, the collapse of biodiversity, China's exploitation of Africa's natural resources, sustainable socio-economic development, fair and sustainable trade supportive of the realisation of the African Continental Free Trade Area (AfCFTA),* education, digitalisation, the rule-of-law, democracy promotion and the strengthening of human rights and civil society, gender equality (<Renew); believes that any security assistance should be based on the human security approach and needs of local populations, fully comply with international law and include strong accountability and democratic and parliamentary oversight mechanisms (<391/410/421/423); (394>) welcomes the Biden Administration's commitment to strengthen cooperation with the International Coalition for the Sahel; urges the US and the EU to work together to tackle the increase in violent extremism, terrorism by ISIS and al-Qaeda offshoots, and the humanitarian, economic and governance challenges in the Sahel and in the MENA (Middle East and North Africa) region in general (<394); (422>) calls for enhanced dialogue and coordination regarding the positioning of transatlantic partners vis-à-vis the challenges faced by countries such as Iraq, Lebanon, Syria, Iran and Libya (<422);
- 25b. (395>) Calls for better cooperation in the Arctic (EPP>) (<EPP) and taking into account the growing interest in the Arctic by other countries, such as China and the activities and military build-up by Russia in the Arctic (<395); (Rapporteur>) welcomes the decision by the EU and the US, as attested by the statement issued after the EU-US Summit on 15 June 2021, to work together to retain the Arctic as a region of peace and stability and collaborate through the Arctic Council (<Rapporteur)

- 25c. (406>) Highlights the need to maintain and, where applicable, deepen structural strategic relations between the European Union, the United States and the United kingdom, capitalising on our shared values, interests and challenges, including in regard to security matters, while ensuring the autonomy of EU decision-making (<406);
- 25d. (419/425>) Acknowledges that after the withdrawal of American and European forces the situation in Afghanistan (EPP>) will continue (<EPP) to be defined by enormous challenges; reiterates its position that the transatlantic community must continue their efforts to work for peace, stability and progress in Afghanistan; urges a responsible committed action towards the Afghan people, particularly in supporting the Intra-Afghan Peace Talks and safeguarding the fundamental freedoms and human rights with particular attention to the rights of ethnic minorities, girls and women, including their right to education and public participation, and other vulnerable groups (<419/425);
- 25e. (346>) Welcomes the United States' renewed engagement in the Eastern Mediterranean, particularly with the Eastern Mediterranean Act of 2019, which authorises new security assistance for Cyprus and Greece, and strengthens energy cooperation among regional actors (<346); (Rapporteur>) welcomes the decision by the EU and the US as attested by the Statement issued after the EU-US Summit on 15 June 2021, to work hand in hand for sustainable de-escalation in the Eastern Mediterranean, where differences should be settled through dialogue in good faith and in accordance with international law; supports the statement by the EU and the US that they intend to aim for a cooperative and mutually beneficial relationship with a democratic Turkey (<Rapporteur);

^{*}This part of AM 391 is deleted as it falls under the remit of INTA.

- Concerns: Paragraph 26 and Recital I a (new)
- Covers AMs: 401 (Sanchez Amor), 402 (Millan Mon/Mato), 403 (Lexmann), 407 (López), 409 (Mato/Millan Mon), 411 (Millan Mon/Mato), 413 (Millan Mon/Mato), 90 (Millan Mon/Mato)
- The following AMs will be deemed incompatible with the COMP and will fall if the COMP is adopted: AM 400 (Maurel),

Suggested text of the compromise:

- Ia. whereas Latin America is a region that shares many key values, interests, historical links, and economic and human ties with the EU and the US;
- Supports closer cooperation with the US and Latin American countries in promoting 26. multilateralism, democratic values, sustainable development, human rights and international law standards, (402>) economic growth, the fight against inequalities, the fight against drug trafficking and organised crime, the promotion of biodiversity and the fight against climate change (<402); (401/407>) underlines the need for the EU and the US to engage more actively with Latin America and the Caribbean region as vital allies in international fora and as strategic partners in the defence of multilateralism; calls for an EU-US-Latin America "Atlantic Triangle Alliance" that allows both regions to jointly further progress in areas such as democracy, security and drug trafficking, fight against inequalities and development cooperation (<401/407); (409>) highlights, in this regard, the importance of ensuring that this cooperation with the US and the Latin American countries is reflected in joint efforts to support the opponents and dissidents facing retribution in various countries for defending the values of democracy and protection of human rights (<409); (403/413>) calls, in this regard, on the US and the EU to cooperate with one another and with other countries to restore human rights and democracy in Venezuela through elections that are truly free, credible, inclusive, transparent and entirely democratic and through support for (EPP/RE/Rapporteur>) the legitimate political forces the EP recognises; further reiterates its commitment to promote democracy and human rights in all Latin American countries (<EPP/RE/Rapporteur); calls for greater EU-US coordination on sanctions (<403/413); (411>) Reiterates its suggestion that the US and the EU should engage in regular exchanges of views regarding their respective summits with Latin American countries, namely the EU-CELAC summits and the Summit of the Americas held by the Organization of American States (<411);

- Concerns: Paragraph 27
- Covers AMs: 414 (Zovko/Asimakopoulou), 415 (Wasczykowski et al.), 416 (Lexmann), 417 (Sikorski), 420 (Matias et al.), 422 (Zovko), 424 (Nart)
- The following AMs will be deemed incompatible with the COMP and will fall if the COMP is adopted: AM 418 (Maurel)

Suggested text of the compromise:

27. (422>) Points to the importance of the Middle East and Northern Africa for European and hence also transatlantic security and stability; therefore calls for enhanced dialogue and coordination regarding the positioning of transatlantic partners vis-à-vis the MENA region (<422), (420>) including by taking action (EPP/Rapporteur>) against (<EPP/Rapporteur) severe violations of human rights and international law that have been occurring in the region (<420); (417>) urges the US to re-join (<417) the Joint Comprehensive Plan of Action (JCPOA) (414/415/416>) as a cornerstone of a global non-proliferation regime and a foundation for de-escalation in the Middle East and the Persian Gulf region; (414/Rapporteur>) supports the US call for a "longer and stronger" nuclear agreement with Iran and urges transatlantic collaboration in this matter as the next step ((<414/Rapporteur); (424>) welcomes the decision by the US to renew its financing for UNRWA (<424); calls for renewed transatlantic efforts to meaningfully revive (417>) and bring to a successful conclusion (<417) the Middle East Peace Process, leading to a viable twostate solution; (416>) welcomes the signing and implementation of the Abraham Accords (416) and encourages transatlantic cooperation on deepening those ties;

- Concerns: Recital A
 Covers AMs: 17 (Zovko), 18 (Waszczykowski et al.), 19 (Stefanuta), 20 (Tudorache et al.), 24 (McAllister),
- The following AMs will be deemed incompatible with the COMP and will fall if the COMP is adopted: AM 21 (Maurel), 22 (Uhrik), 23 (Matias et al.)

Suggested text of the compromise:

A. (24>) whereas for 75 years the transatlantic partnership has stood for freedom, democracy, human rights and the rule of law, for trade and economic cooperation as well as security (<24); whereas the US remains the EU's closest (20>) and most important (<20) strategic partner; (17/19>) whereas this partnership is based on strong political, cultural, economic and historic links and shared values such as freedom, democracy, human rights and the rule of law (<17/19) (18>) and has a great potential (<18) of dialogue, cooperation and delivery on issues, objectives and priorities of (19>) common interest (<19) or concern across the policy spectrum (<18);

-) Concerns: Recital B
- Covers AMs: 28 (Picula/Reuten), 29 (Matias et al.), 30 (Waszczykowski et al.), 31 (Buetikofer), 32 (Tudorache et al.), 33 (Kokalari), 34 (Stefanuta), 35 (Castaldo), 36 (McAllister), 37 (Olekas), 38 (Austrevicius et al.), 79 (Millan Mon/Mato),
- The following AMs will be deemed incompatible with the COMP and will fall if the COMP is adopted:

Suggested text of the compromise:

28. whereas the EU and the US share (36/79>) common values and (<36/79) a fundamental (31>) common (<31) interest in shaping (28>) a rules-based international environment that strengthens (29>) multilateralism (<29) and democratic values, defends human rights, upholds international law (31>) and promotes a rules-based international (37/38>) order (<31/37/38), and equally promotes peaceful conflict resolution and sustainable development around the world (<28);

Covers AMs: 39 (Stefanuta), 41 (Nistor), 43 (McAllister), 44 (Castaldo), 45 (Lexmann), 46 (Tudorache et al.), 47 (Waszczykowski), 48 (Waszczykowski et al.)

The following AMs will be deemed incompatible with the COMP and will fall if the COMP is adopted: 42 (Maurel)

AM 40 will be put to the vote as a possible addition to the compromise

Suggested text of the compromise:

C. whereas the election of Joe Biden as President of the United States and Kamala Harris as Vice-President has created new opportunities to (47>) reset further pursue (<47) 43>) and (44/45/46>) reinvigorate (<44/45/46) our essential transatlantic partnership (<43), (41>) to restart work and innovation on all levels of our long-established cooperation (<41) (39>) and to better cooperate on multilateral issues such as climate change, digital and green transition, democracy and international security (<39); (48>) whereas both (EPP>) the EU and the US (<EPP) should take this renewed opportunity for close dialogue and cooperation to fulfil their standing obligations to the international organizations to which they both belong and to ensure greater coordination and burden sharing across a wide spectrum of geopolitical issues moving forward (<48);

Concerns: Recital D
 Covers AMs: 49 (Lexmann), 50 (Basescu), 51 (Picula/Reuten),
 The following AMs will be deemed incompatible with the COMP and will fall if the COMP is adopted:

Suggested text of the compromise:

D. whereas the Biden administration has declared its intention to (49>) strengthen (<49) relations with the EU and other democratic allies; (50>) whereas President Biden's first overseas visit was to Europe, during which he took part in the NATO Summit (EPP>) and EU-US Summit (<EPP) in Brussels on 14-15 June; whereas this confirms the US's deep commitment to strengthening its relationships with the European Union and its Member States and to the future of common security and defence within the North Atlantic Alliance and with the European Union (<50); (51>) whereas President Biden has proposed to organise a Summit for Democracy which will seek joint commitments with the EU and other democracies in strengthening our democracies and fostering enhanced cooperation between democratic states while fighting authoritarianism and human rights violations around the world (<51);

- Concerns: Recital F
- Covers AMs: 55 (Nistor), 56 (Picula/Reuten), 57 (Waszczykowski et al.), 58 (Castaldo), 59 (McAllister), 60 (Lexmann), 61 (Lopez-Isturiz White), 62 (Tudorache), 63 (McAllister)
- The following AMs will be deemed incompatible with the COMP and will fall if the COMP is adopted:

Suggested text of the compromise:

F. whereas (59>) (correction>) constant (<correction) and (<59) constructive dialogue (58>) based on shared objectives (<58) is needed to (60>) build a strong and ambitious transatlantic agenda and (<60) address any (61>) areas (<61) where there are transatlantic(Renew>) differences (<Renew), (55>) through deeper cooperation (<55), (56>) including in such areas as relations with China, Russia, trade,* defence commitments and capabilities, (57>) conflicts in the Middle East and other security and stability issues (<57), and to identify common approaches where possible; (63>) whereas it is clear that the transatlantic alliance cannot be taken for granted and must be reinvigorated and constantly strengthened (<63);

^{*} This part is deleted as it falls under the remit of INTA.

- Concerns: Recital G
- Covers AMs: 65 (Tudorache et al.), 66 (Buetikofer), 68 (Lexmann), 69 (Kokalari), 70 (Matias et al.), 72 (Austrevicius et al.), 73 (Lopez Isturiz-White), 74 (Nistor), 75 (McAllister), 76 (Olekas)
- The following AMs will be deemed incompatible with the COMP and will fall if the COMP is adopted: AM 67 (Maurel), 71 (Castaldo),

Suggested text of the compromise:

G. whereas, (66>) while in (<66) pursuing (76>) and deepening (<76) transatlantic cooperation, (66/69>) the EU should strive for partnership in leadership with the US, focussed on the pursuit in areas (<66/69) of shared interests (Renew>) (<Renew); whereas the EU should (Renew>) (<Renew) also foster its strategic (75/70/Renew>) autonomy (<75/70/Renew) in defence and economic relations (65/66/72>) as a means to strengthen the transatlantic bond and increase the joint leverage of the EU and the US on the world scene, but also with a view to increasing (<65) its ability to (68>) take greater responsibility for addressing key global and regional challenges (<68) and decide and act (66/70>) autonomously (<66/70), if needed, in (73>) foreign affairs (<73) and security and defence matters (<66/72);

Concerns: Recital I and Recital Ia (new)
 Covers AMs: 80 (Buetikofer), 81 (Sikorski), 82 (Tudorache et al.), 83 (Lexmann), 84 (Castaldo), 85 (Millan Mon/ Mato), 86 (Lopez-Isturiz White), 95 (Picula, Reuten)
 The following AMs will be deemed incompatible with the COMP and will fall if the COMP is adopted:

Suggested text of the compromise:

- I. whereas both the EU and the US share a number of new common challenges such as the (83/84>) malign influence of authoritarian regimes, undermining multilateral institutions, the (<83/84) socio-economic impact of the pandemic, the promotion of global health, (81/85>) the climate emergency change and the need to advance on climate mitigation measures (<81/85), (80>) the pushback against a global wave of authoritarianism (<80), the fight against global criminal networks (85>) and terrorism (<85), (80>) making gender equality and anti-discrimination a reality, addressing the increasing division between metropolitan and rural areas and pursuing (<80), the digital and green (86>) transformations (<86) as a means of sustainable modernisation, (81/82>) the advance of technology, such as artificial intelligence and cybersecurity, tax avoidance, and broader challenges arising from the digitalisation of the economy (<81/82);
- Ia. (95>) whereas a renewed impetus in the transatlantic relationship would create a favourable political context to tackle in a constructive manner both the common challenges and to address the issues where our positions diverge (<95);

- Concerns: Citations 1a (new), 2a (new), 3, 3a (new)
- Covers AMs: 1 (olekas), 2 (Austrevicius et al.), 3 (Vandenkendelaere), 4 (Millan Mon/Mato), 5 (Zovko), 6 (Matias et al.), 7 (Millan Mon/Mato), 8 (Millan Mon/Mato), 9 (Zovko), 10 (Vandenkendelaere), 11 (Vandenkendelaere), 12 (Vandenkendelaere), 13 (Vandenkendelaere), 14 (Vandenkendelaere), 15 (Vandenkendelaere),
- The following AMs will be deemed incompatible with the COMP and will fall if the COMP is adopted:

Suggested text of the compromise:

- (1/2/11>) having regard to the Council Conclusions on EU-US relations of 7 December 2020 (<1/2/11),
- (3>) having regard to its resolution of 13 June 2018 on EU-NATO relations (<3),
- (4>) having regard to its previous resolutions on transatlantic relations, in particular its resolution of 26 March 2009 on the state of transatlantic relations in the aftermath of the US elections1a, its resolution of 14 May 2013 on the role of the EU in promoting a broader Transatlantic Partnership1b and its resolution of 12 September 2018 on the state of EU-US relations1c (<4),

1a OJ C 117 E, 6.5.2010, p. 198. 1b OJ C 65, 19.2.2016, p. 120. 1c OJ C 433, 23.12.2019, p. 89.

- (5>) having regard to the joint statement by the Secretary of State of the United States of America and the EU High Representative for Foreign Affairs and Security Policy/ Vice President of the European Commission of 24 March 2021 (<5),
- (6>) having regard to its resolution of 20 May 2021 on the ruling of the ECJ of 16 July 2020 Data Protection Commissioner v Facebook Ireland Limited, Maximilian Schrems Case C-311/18 (<6),

- (7) having regard to the (Renew>) testimony of (<Renew) US Secretary of State, Antony Blinken, before the US Senate Committee on Foreign Relations on 19 January 2021 (<7),
- (8>) having regard to the joint press statement by President von der Leyen and US Secretary of State Blinken on 24 March 2021 (<8),
- (9>) having regard the statement by the US State Department of 26 April 2021 titled "U.S. Commitment to the Western Balkans" (<9),
- (10>) having regard to the Council conclusions of 14 November 2016 on the EU Global Strategy for the Union's foreign and security policy, entitled 'Shared vision common action: a stronger Europe' (<10),
- (12>) having regard to the statement of the members of the European Council of 26 February 2021 on security and defence (<12),
- (13>) having regard to the Joint Declaration on EU-NATO Cooperation, signed in Warsaw on 8 July 2016 by the Presidents of the European Council and the European Commission, and the Secretary-General of NATO (<13),
- (14>) having regard to the participation of the VP/HR in the meeting of NATO Defence Ministers of 17 and 18 February 2021, and in the meeting of the NATO Foreign Affairs Ministers of 23 and 24 March 2021 (<14),
- (15>) having regard to the exchange of views with the NATO Secretary-General during the joint meeting of the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Subcommittee on Security and Defence, and the Delegation for relations with the NATO Parliamentary Assembly held on 15 March 2021 (<15),
- (Rapporteur>) having regard to the EU-US Summit Statement "towards a renewed Transatlantic Partnership" issued on 15 June 2021 (<Rapporteur),