

ECDC questionnaire on COVID-19 contact tracing in EU/EEA Member States

The aim of this questionnaire is to allow ECDC to gather an overview of how COVID-19 contact tracing is currently undertaken in EU/EEA Member States.

The questionnaire is divided in 5 parts:

- Contact tracing overall
- Unvaccinated contacts
- Vaccinated contacts
- Contact tracing in specific settings
- Contact tracing in the near future

Time for completion: 15 minutes

Help support team: contact ECDC via email at Preparedness.Response@ecdc.europa.eu

Contact tracing overall

Which Member State do you represent?

Please select a Member State from the list below.

- ☐ Austria - AT
- ☐ Belgium - BE
- ☐ Bulgaria - BG
- ☐ Croatia - HR
- ☐ Cyprus - CY
- ☐ Czech Republic -CZ
- ☐ Denmark - DK
- ☐ Estonia - EE
- ☐ Finland - FI
- ☐ France - FR
- ☐ Germany - DE
- ☐ Greece - EL
- ☐ Hungary - HU
- ☐ Ireland - IE
- ☐ Italy - IT
- ☐ Latvia - LV
- ☐ Lithuania - LT
- ☐ Luxembourg - LU
- ☐ Malta - MT
- ☐ Poland - PL
- ☐ Portugal - PT

- ☐ Romania - RO
- ☐ Slovakia - SK
- ☐ Slovenia - SI
- ☐ Spain - ES
- ☐ Sweden - SE
- ☐ The Netherlands - NL
- ☐ Iceland - IS
- ☐ Liechtenstein - LI
- ☐ Norway - NO

Is contact tracing currently undertaken in your country as part of the response to the COVID-19 outbreak?

- ☐ Yes, all cases are contact traced
- ☐ Yes, but cases are contact traced only if resources are available
- ☐ Yes, but cases are contact traced only in certain settings e.g. LTCFs, prisons, migrants/refugees settings
(Please provide more details below)
- ☐ No, contact tracing is not routinely undertaken
- ☐ None of the above (Please provide more details below)

Please provide more details

Please describe how a contact is defined and if there are different categories of contacts e.g. high-risk and low risk contacts

Unvaccinated (including partially vaccinated) contacts

The questions in this section apply to unvaccinated contacts. These are contacts that are not fully vaccinated. The same questions will be repeated for vaccinated contacts in the next section.

Testing of contacts can be done to identify new cases, or to end quarantine early. Please note that the first set of questions is about testing of contacts to identify new cases; while the last is about testing to end quarantine early.

Are contacts without symptoms tested for SARS-CoV2 in order to detect secondary infections early?

- ☐ Yes, all contacts are tested
- ☐ Yes, but only certain categories of contacts are tested (Please provide more details below)
- ☐ Yes, but only contacts in certain settings e.g. LTCFs, prisons, migrants/refugees settings are tested (Please provide more details below)
- ☐ No, asymptomatic contacts are not tested
- ☐ None of the above (Please provide more details below)

Please provide more details

When are contacts tested?

What types of test are used?

- ☐ PCR
- ☐ Rapid antigen test administered by health care professionals
- ☐ Self-administered test

Do you recommend contacts to stay in quarantine?

- ☐ Yes
- ☐ No

If yes, for how long after exposure to a case?

Can contacts leave quarantine earlier by testing?

- ☐ Yes (please provide further details)
- ☐ No

Please provide further details

What type of tests are used?

- ☐ PCR
- ☐ Rapid antigen test administered by health care professionals
- ☐ Self-administered test

Vaccinated contacts

Testing of contacts can be done to identify new cases, or to end quarantine early. Please note that the first set of questions is about testing of contacts to identify new cases; while the last is about testing to end quarantine early.

Are contacts without symptoms tested for SARS-CoV2 in order to detect secondary infections early?

- ☐ Yes, all contacts are tested
- ☐ Yes, but only certain categories of contacts are tested (Please provide more details below)
- ☐ Yes, but only contacts in certain settings e.g. LTCFs, prisons, migrants/refugees settings are tested (Please provide more details below)
- ☐ No, asymptomatic contacts are not tested
- ☐ None of the above (Please provide more details below)

Please provide more details

When are contacts tested?

What types of test are used?

- ☐ PCR
- ☐ Rapid antigen test administered by health care professionals
- ☐ Self-administered test

Do you recommend contacts to stay in quarantine?

- ☐ Yes
- ☐ No

If yes, for how long after exposure to a case?

Can contacts leave quarantine earlier by testing?

- ☐ Yes (Please provide more details below)
- ☐ No

Please provide further details

What type of tests are used?

- ☐ PCR
- ☐ Rapid antigen test administered by health care professionals
- ☐ Self-administered test

Contact tracing in specific settings

What is your current practice with contact tracing air travellers?

- ☐ We contact trace two rows in-front and two rows behind the row where the case was seated
- ☐ We contact trace the airplane section where the case was seated
- ☐ We do not systematically contact trace aircrafts
- ☐ Other (Please provide more details below)

Is contact tracing undertaken in schools?

	Yes	No
Pre-school/Day care	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Primary school (age approximately 5-11 years)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Secondary school (age approximately 12-18 years)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
University	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

How are contacts defined in the school setting?

How are contacts in the school setting followed up with regards to testing and quarantine?

Contact tracing in the near future

How has the emergence of the Delta variant changed contact tracing in your country?

- ☐ No changes from practice before
- ☐ Changed quarantine duration
- ☐ Changed testing of contacts
- ☐ Stopped contact tracing due to case load
- ☐ Other (Please provide more details below)

Please provide more details

What do you consider are the current main objectives for contact tracing in your country (for example the focus is on limiting transmission in specific settings, or in vulnerable populations, etc.)?

What do you see it will be the role of contact tracing when high vaccine coverage is achieved?

Are there plans in your country to change contact tracing in the near future? (Please provide some details if possible).

Do you have any recent evidence, ongoing study, good practice for contact tracing that may be useful for other countries?

- ☐ Yes
- ☐ No

Please provide more details

Please feel free to provide any further information/comment you would like to share with ECDC.